McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVIII SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1891. NUMBER 27.

NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

Mc Kean County Miner

1 ZONIES & SON, Proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 12:15 p. m. and 9:37 p. m., and leaves at 8:00 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Mail via B., R. & E. R. arrives at 10:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m., and leaves at 8:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Clermont & Coleprove Mail leaves at 12:15 p. m. and arrives at 1:30 p. m.

Clermont Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m., and departs, at 1:30 p. m. of same days.

Mails close 10 minutes before leaving time.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 1:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

E. M. KEEVER, P. M.

Official Directory.

STATE.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—C. A. Watres.
State Treasurer—Henry K. Boyer.
Auditor General—Chauncey H. Rauman.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—Thos. J. Stewart.

JUDICIARY AND COUNTY

President Judge—A. O. Olmsted, Coudersport.
Additional Law Judge—Thomas A. Mercur, Smethport.
Member of Congress—C. W. Stone, Warren.
State Senator—Horace B. Packer, Wellsboro.
Members of Assembly—W. H. Hamilton, Odell Chamberlain, J. F. Gilfillan, Ralsa.
District Attorney—J. W. Bouton, Smethport.
Sheriff—Walter Crosby, Smethport.
Prothonotary—M. McGahey, Smethport.
County Treasurer—L. Rogers, Smethport.
Commissioners—James Hyndman, Orson Frank Dawson Clarke—M. B. Grant, Smethport.
Jury Commissioner—O. M. Kinsley, M. S. Sheldon.
Auditors—A. M. Rowe, Bradford, J. O. Lafferty, Ross. H. C. Wells, Smethport.
Warrantable Appraisers—F. Simpson, Southwick, Commissioner—S. D. Hafner, Bradford.
County School Supt.—W. F. Eckels, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—W. F. Speed.
Council—John Fuchs, T. H. Harris, N. O. Ellenwood, William Haskell, Karl Sonn, P. D. Hopkins.
Clerk.
Judges—G. M. Smith, F. Ford.
Constables—H. L. Burlingame.
School Directors—S. L. Hyde, J. C. Wood, T. H. Harris, E. M. Mayo, W. H. Gifford, W. H. Gallup.
Collector—Chaffee Lumsden.
Treasurer—John Hungerford.
Clerk—Assessors—A. C. Young, J. D. Barbank.
Auditors—Wm. H. Gallup, J. C. Gallup.
Judges of Elections—Frank A. Baker.
Inspectors of Elections—W. W. Barbanguer, D. F. Keefe.

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, First Monday in June and October and Second Monday in December.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 305, meets in the second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall. Main street.

W. C. SPEED, W. M.
O. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 285, meets every evening of each week in I. O. O. F. Hall. Will work in all the degrees, at meetings of each month, 1st degree on second, 2d degree on third, and 3d degree on fourth meeting.

CHAS. LEMUELS, N. G.
W. H. GUSTAFSON, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment No. 224, meets the First and Third Wednesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

F. C. GLOSS, Chief Patriarch.
J. H. TAFT, Scribe.

O. A. K.—McKean Post No. 91, meets every Thursday even ing, at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall Bank block.

T. A. MORRISON, Com.
H. M. CHASE, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets Wednesday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Bank Block.
Mrs. HELEN S. MORRISON, Pres't.
Mrs. WARREN OSTRANDER, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA.—Smethport Lodge, No. 77, meets every Thursday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.

F. A. THOMAS, Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 262, meets second, fourth and last Tuesday evenings in each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Bank Block.

CARL ZAHN, M. W.
HERMAN OSTRICH, Recorder.

K. A. C.—Smethport Colony, No. 29, meets in second and Fourth Wednesday evenings of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

F. A. THOMAS, President.
MRS. S. M. VICKERY, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. Hall, Bank Block.

DR. HUGH CHADWICK, Com.
CHARLES KOONS, K. R.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 51, meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at W. C. E. U. Hall, Bank block at 7:30 p. m.

DANIEL QUINLIVAN, Pres't.
E. W. OBERHEISER, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Wednesday afternoon at 4 P. M. in their hall, Bank Block.
MRS. L. FORSYTH, Pres't.
Hitchcock.
MRS. M. W. HAMMOND, Sec'y.

Churches.

Methodist—T. W. CHANDLER, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School at 12 m. every Sunday. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Class meeting every Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All are welcome.

Episcopal—J. WILSON MCCLELLAN, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional services at 4 P. M. in Lent and on Holy of each month. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

All Saints' Memorial Chapel—East Smethport—Rev. Mr. Mann, Officiating. Divine service every Sunday at 3 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 3 p. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church—J. J. GAFFEY, Pastor. Mass each 1st Sunday in the month at 10:30 a. m. and 4 p. m. Mass each 3d Sunday in the month at 9 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Vespers each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Union Services at Kinzua Corners school house, East Smethport, every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. W. D. Chandler and W. D. Loftus, pastors. Methodist Sunday-school, Louisiana immediately after the close of the above meeting.

Independent Church—J. M. Leach, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 10 a. m. and after evening preaching. Children's Meeting, Saturday 1:30 p. m. All are invited.

Christian Church—J. M. Leach, pastor. Services every Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Sunday School at 1:30 p. m. Gospel service Wednesday evening. All are invited.

FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kroegel, on Main street, and is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

or Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Steels if desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horses' Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LELONDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 8th, 1890.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS

FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE

For Cellars at $1 per perch of 16½ feet, masons measurement, delivered. Also fine stone for Water Tables, Window Sills, and general Trimmings for Brick Buildings.

S. A. BACKUS.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 26, 1889.

MASONS' SUPPLIES!

Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

Plastering Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Clay Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

March 14, 1890—ly.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

R. A. STONE. W. A. STURGEON
Stone & Sturgeon,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office: Pompeian Hall, Bradford, Pa.

J. W. Bouton,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and District Attorney of McKean County. Office in the Court House, Smethport, Pa.

Geo. A. Bovee,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Rooms 6 and 10 Barry & Morris Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HASKIN. JOHN FOSTER.
Haskin & Foster,
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the Lords of Hamilton & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) Situated in the immediate vicinity of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Robert H. Rose,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking Office, Smethport, Pa.

Sheridan Gorton,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Bucher Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

E. L. Keenan.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chamberlain's store, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

E. Reed.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

R. MCSWEENY. E. E. SYLES.
McSweeney & Sykes.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW Room: Professor's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

SCOTT B. MULLIN. T. F. MULLIN
Mullin & Mullin,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 13 Main Street Bradford, Pa.

H. H. Mayo,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Gleason Block, Smethport, Pa.

T. H. Cotter,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Kinzel, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians.

H. L. McCoy.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport Pa.

H. D. Freeman,
SURGEON, Counselman and Committee for Insane and Inspector of Prisons. Office hours from 10 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 2 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Hugh Chadwick.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office: One door east of W. T. Collins's drug store. Residence.

Wm. Wilkins,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND COLLECTOR of taxes for Wetmore township, McKean county, P. O. address, Kane-mahan, Pa.

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
Main Street, Smethport, Penn's, B. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

CHAUTAUQUA HOUSE
Main street, Smethport, Pa., Daniel Bacon, Proprietor

This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the county. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

THE - WILLARD - HOTEL,
Nos. 126 to 130 Main Street,
First doors from new depot, BRADFORD, PA.
Mass in Smethport, every at
THE WILLARD
Rates $1.25 and $1.50 per Day.
AMERICAN & EUROPEAN.
Our stocked with the finest goods in McKean county.
First-class counter and elegant dining room.
Extra assistant in town. All modern conveniences. Electric lights throughout the house.
Specialty LOUIS LAUBER, Proprietor.

COLEMAN HOUSE,
ELDRED, PA.,
Opposite the D., N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.
On the European Plan.
Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the Hotel. Terms reasonable.
Dec. 17, 1886.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,
TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,
KANE - - PA.
This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. First-class accommodations for the traveling public.
JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

THOMPSON & HOUSE.
MT. JEWETT, PA.
C. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
This house has recently been remodeled and refurnished throughout. First-class restaurant in connection with the house. 37-1347

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVIENT
Would respectfully announce to his patrons of the public generally that he has moved his barber shop into the recently fitted and commodious rooms under Mrs. Goldsmith's store, next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do
SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING
in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.
BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

WAGONS!
Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship and prices very low.
I make a specialty of
HORSESHOEING,
and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.
WM. MASKE.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

Is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites are the recognized agents in the cure of Consumption. It is as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion is the remedy for **CONSUMPTION,** Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds. Get Scott's Emulsion and take no other.

-:- THE BEST -:-
Meat and Vegetable Market
—IN—
SMETHPORT.

We are prepared to furnish the people of town and adjacent country with

FRESH MEAT,
HAM, SAUSAGES,
Salt Meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., &c.
—ALSO—
VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF
FAMILY GROCERIES
AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
A Full Line of
CANNED GOODS
Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts
G. W. WILLIAMS & SONS,
Main Street. Smethport, Pa.

BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS
Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR
COSTIVENESS
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases.
Price, 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
FOR SALE BY
H. L. McCOY and A. B. ARMSTRONG,
SMETHPORT, PA.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
-:PIPES, :- ETC.-:
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Next door to Collar's Drug Store.

The Most Successful Remedy ever Discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

BOLIVAR, Cattr., May 2, '91.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.
Gents: I have used a Cure which my family with great satisfaction. I have a horse that was badly spavined. I bought a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and it cured him entirely. I have used it for Ringbone and Curb, and it cured the worst kind. I have used it in my stable for years, and have never found its equal. Yours respectfully, WILCOXIT STITES.

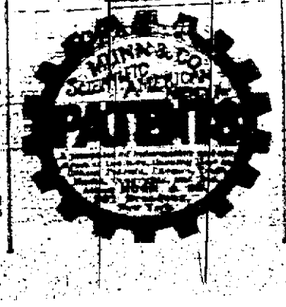
CALIFORNIA, Ohio, Aug. 24, '91.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.
Gents: I have been selling horses in Kentucky for Messrs. Curd & Finch's celebrated stock farm, and have used Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success in all cases. I have had a horse that was badly spavined, and I used Kendall's Spavin Cure and it cured him entirely. I have used it for Ringbone and Curb, and it cured the worst kind. I have used it in my stable for years, and have never found its equal. Respectfully, OTTO L. DIEFFELS.

CHITTENDEN, N. Y., May 21, '91.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.
Dear Sirs: I have found nothing equal to your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success in all cases. I have had a horse that was badly spavined, and I used Kendall's Spavin Cure and it cured him entirely. I have used it for Ringbone and Curb, and it cured the worst kind. I have used it in my stable for years, and have never found its equal. Respectfully, F. M. HOWARD.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.
Kendall Co., La., May 4, '91.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.
Gents: I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure for Curb, Splint and Ringbone, and it has given perfect satisfaction. I have had a horse that was badly spavined, and I used Kendall's Spavin Cure and it cured him entirely. I have used it for Ringbone and Curb, and it cured the worst kind. I have used it in my stable for years, and have never found its equal. Respectfully, R. J. KENDALL CO.

Prices $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it may be ordered of them from their wholesale agents. Send for free book on horses, sent to any address.

Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.



INDEPENDENCE DAY.

Sound the bow-wow! Play the pattle-tong!
Let the jawbone jingle!
For this is the Fourth of July.

No crumbling dynamites shall break our noise,
No stern policeman fright our bully boys.
This is the day to make the welkin shake,
As our forefathers made their tyrants quake.

On fat Shall not all earthly things this day
Be clashed together loudly in such way,
Preposterous din—stentorophonic clangs
Shall prove that patriot hearts now beat in bangs?

Let orators by millions praise the day!
And while they yell let mighty trumpets bray!
Reverberating thunder split the sky,
And lightnings blaze to lick the ocean dry!

Set fire to everything, and bang around
The whole exalted world to swell the sound.
Burn up the poles, like two great cracker strings;
And fill Symmes' Hole with dynamite and things.

Anticipate the awful crack of doom
With all the mightiest cannons' cacophonous boom;
Then swell the noise with shoutin' roll, split your throats;
Add even corncts and the base drum's notes!

Sound the bow-wow! Play the pattle-tong!
Let the jawbone jingle!
For this is the Fourth of July.
Make a noise!

—David A. Curtis in New York World.

"JAKE'S" BANNER FOURTHS.

The Adventures of a Lad Who Desired to Enjoy the Day.

He is the Hon. Jacob now, a dignified and able senator, but back in the fifties he was simply Jake to all except his grandmother, the pastor who christened him, and the teacher when school was in. His first Fourth of July, according to the recollection of colemporaries, was celebrated in little New England settlement composed of farmers and miners. The old folks were slow, but not so the young ones, and in 1850, there being no general celebration on the docket, the boys of Oreville voted to have one of their own. Jake was in his eighth year, and though not formally on the committee, he was around during the councils, and by a timely word earned the location for the "doings."

It was a rocky hilltop on his father's land, about 500 feet above level, the most sightly and convenient spot in the vicinity. Jake felt his responsibility, young as he was, and worked like a beaver to make the affair a success. The village figured in history as a place where Washington had had a cannon made, and a cannonading outfit was early attended to. Three small pieces were secured in the neighborhood and dragged up the steep hill. A flagpole was raised, and bough booths for shelter and refreshments invited the populace to come and make merry. Everything was complete.

Stores of fireworks, of powder, of sugar and lemons, and cakes and candies were on hand, hidden in walled up caves, and the boys of Oreville sat up all night to welcome the inhabitants that would be summoned by a sunrise salute. The salute was on time, but a little previous, but the morning hours dragged. Breakfast time came and went, and not a soul came from the faithful few who were doing it all, and the inevitable small boy hangers on—rallied to the hilltop to celebrate. The committee boys felt thin at the waist, and one by one went home to breakfast, promising to return on wings in order to do their assigned parts.

An hour passed, then another, and still another, and only now and then a spectator was half carried, half coaxed, to the hilltop. Jake made the trip from the store, the mines and the cottages to the hill dozens and scores of times, and finally from sheer exhaustion and disappointment gave it up. The cannon bellowed at intervals up, down and across the valley; the flag flapped lazily on the pole; the lemonade grew stale and the candy almost melted in the burning sun. The ardor of the boys began to wane, and finally there was no one to serve the guns but Jake, whose enthusiasm was reduced to a simple regard for the reputation of his hill. In a fit of desperation and anger he scooped a handful of small stones from the ground and rammed them in on a charge of powder. The discharge was so much louder that he repeated the dose in other guns, until the whole valley got a bombardment of stones that shattered window panes and rattled on the roofs of the houses.

The boys laughed and cheered when they saw the people rush out of doors and stare at the display on the hilltop. A dozen pairs of hands fell to gathering stones, and after a few more volleys the inhabitants turned out en masse and climbed up the hill for safety. Then the boys resumed blank charges and the day closed with every soul in Oreville on Jake's hill.

Years passed before Jake got another chance to play a leading part in Fourth of July doings. The year following he had emigrated to another state, and spent the day wandering from cross-roads to crossroads, and from postoffice to postoffice looking for the Fourth. The next year he put in hoeing corn. The year after that he held a flag for a Sunday school picnic, riding twenty miles standing up in a hay wagon loaded with fidgeting, perspiring humanity, and went home to reflect that he had endured the tortures of a twenty mile ride on hamber trucks, working like a yeoman meanwhile to keep old glory afloat, just to get some of his mother's cake and his aunt's bread and his cousin's biscuit. The next year, however, made up for a string of uneventful Fourths.

He was the occasion of the Prince of Wales' visit to America, and Jake had become a town boy in a wide awake place that got up a mock reception to a spurious highness, who rode his entranced in state on a canal barge. The fantastic turnout was something gorgeous in its hideousness and in its uniqueness. All America, including even Ah Sin and a group of his cousins, was represented in a procession that moved with floats and carriages, on foot and on horseback. Up to the last moment the aborigines were forgotten in the rage for showing foreign acquisitions. Jake was a patron of the literature of the border and an admirer of the red man, and his services were accepted without question to fill the gap in the procession. All went well, and the number colored ahead of the latest received his share of homage from the crowds that reviewed the pageant.

Finally the canal bridge came in sight, with the prince standing on the edge of the barge receiving the welcome of the nations at the hands of a spokesman as each division came up. Jake saw just in time that he was a nation all in himself and must be his own spokesman, although no speech had been given him to rehearse. It occurred to him, too, that his speech must be in the Indian tongue, and he knew but one expression that he could trust himself to. Halting and shunting the prince and his train with many contortions intended to convey respect he bawled out, "Say-go-ye-wat-a-hah," to the amazement of the king of the fantasticon, the mogul of the day, who stood beside the distinguished guest. It happened that the king was the champion fat man of the town—in fact he was the shape of a sugar cask, the living forest. Jake emphasized the last three syllables of his lingo, and in the hubbub of the occasion everybody within hearing, including the king and prince, understood him to say for a windup, "What a posing and all overshadowing king.

INTO THE WATER.

The king lost no time in with his right foot caber of behead the rascal who dared majesties at a word, and Jake head and dived off the bridge into the canal to escape terrible cimeter. He came up as a good diver would, but with his feather headdress and train soaked and drooping, and his cheap war paint making streaks down his stained muslin hunting shirt and leggins. At the fantastic ball which wound up the occasion there was no Red Brother on hand, for all the rooters of the community had parted with their tails to supply the first outfit, and these would have to grow out again before another real live Indian could be constructed.

GEORGE L. KILLIS.

High Praise.

Agent—Well, madam, another glorious Fourth sees no hero again. How did your husband like the keg of powder I sold him last year?

Lady of the House—He was completely carried away by it.

The Glorious Fourth.

The glorious Fourth will soon be here
With all its usual noise,
And many folk will miss an ear
From off their darling boys.
—Chicago Journal.

Hooray for the Boy.

They feed the flying rockets off,
They fired the "wheel" and "crown,"
They fired the shooting crackers, too,
And then they fired the town.
—Keating.

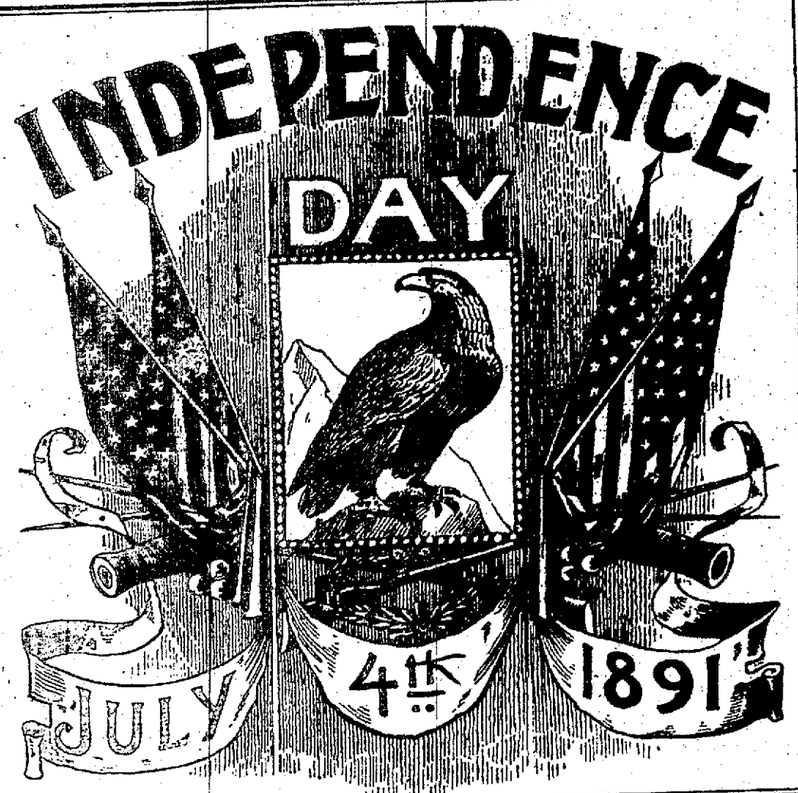
Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves.

A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 20 doses for 25 cents. Simples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

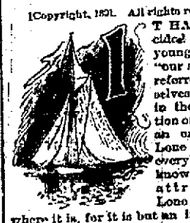
Celebrate the Fourth

By going to some of the many delightful spots and gaily smoked on the Nickel Plate, July 3d, 4th and 5th. One fare for the round trip.



THE SURF AT LONE HILL.

[Copyright, 1891. All rights reserved.]



I HAD been decided by the young people of "our set," as they referred to themselves, to include in their celebration of the Fourth an excursion to Lone Hill. Not everybody may know what the attractions of Lone Hill are, or where it is, for it is but an insignificant mound of sand a few miles to the east of Fire Island lighthouse, on the southern shore of Long Island. Beyond the smooth white beach, that is unbroken, save for inlets, for one hundred miles or more, there is little about the place to make it attractive. The idea originated with the Sawyers, or rather with young Jim Sawyer.

"It's stupid," he said, "lying around here and letting the people celebrate on holidays. We're doing well enough. Let's make a holiday of the Fourth for ourselves, 'stead of working harder then ihan any other day."

Ably seconded by his elder sister, Nellie, Jim carried the day in his own household, and after that the "set" joined in. Henry Martin, true enough, had held back somewhat in favor of making business of the Fourth and a holiday of some other occasion, but he was overruled indignantly, and Nellie Sawyer even said one or two sharp little things about some people's small dispositions, so that Henry retreated hastily. Nellie's words might have kept him away but for two reasons: Young Jim was a firm friend and admirer of Martin, and he threatened to make it uncomfortable for Nellie if Martin was "frozen out." Martin knew that the lad's tongue would fulfill the threat, to the mortification of not only Nellie but himself as well, and therefore he ignored his wounded pride and joined with apparent heartiness in the proceedings.

Young Jim would have made up the party in the exclusive interest of his hero if he could have done that, but Nellie had her own will, too, and in this case she compelled her brother to yield to the dictates of the senior Sawyers, neither of whom understood the cause of hostilities between their children.

So when the excursionists started from the Babylon wharf at 9 o'clock on the morning of July 4, 1884, there was a rankling discontent in the heart of more than one member of the party. Three boats made up the fleet. The Sawyers' large and handsome sloop carried about twenty, among whom were all the elderly people, Nellie and Jim, and two of the young men whom Henry Martin knew to be his rivals. Henry was consigned to one of the minor boats. Although this arrangement was due to Nellie's strategy, there was a spice of dissatisfaction in her view of the situation. Just what it was, or why, is more than I can say, for the vagaries of a young woman's heart defy my comprehension and analysis. I never did understand them and I never expect to; I simply put down what I know, and among those things is the fact that Henry Martin was Nellie's favorite, and that not all of young Jim's ill advised efforts in his behalf could displace him from a high place in her affections. In fact, had it not been for Jim, Henry might have sailed in the big sloop; but it doesn't matter much, for no blunder of that small meaning boy could have affected serious ly what finally came to pass on that Fourth of July, seven years ago. Just before the boats put off Jim had whispered to his hero:

"Never mind, Mart; I'll keep those duffers at bay till we get to Lone Hill, and then you watch your chance," to which Henry's reply had been a silent scowl; but he made up his mind, nevertheless, that the day should not pass before he had come to an exact understanding with Nellie; for hitherto there had been no declaration or other formal talk between them.

Arrived at Lone Hill the party went directly across the narrow sandy strip of land that prevents Great South bay from being a part of the ocean. There was a grand surf rolling away out on the beach, which at the time of the arrival of the excursionists was as wide as possible, for it was low tide. The wind freshened steadily and veered about until it came from the southeast, and the weatherwise talked of foul and stormy. Nothing interfered with the pleasure of the day, however, and preparations were begun for an outdoor dinner, provisions from home being increased by various articles secured on the spot.

Henry Martin joined earnestly in the work, and sought especially to be of assistance to or under the direction of Nellie; but Miss Nellie, with that rare tact for giving aisle with a smile and a laugh that only maidens possess, refused his services while gladly accepting those of his rivals. It proved to be of little use for him to try to assist, but he stood about with an appearance of good-nature, and when dinner was finally eaten he played his part in the entertainment. There were speeches in which the American eagle fairly howled defiance and flapped her wings scornfully at Britishers; and there were explosions of crackers and firearms by Jim and his immediate companions that made their quiet loving elders wish they had staid at home. Then the party broke into little groups, and after a time, through his customary quiet persistence, Henry found an opportunity to speak to Nellie. The rising tide had hidden more than half the beach, and the still rising wind had set the breakers roaring. They stood where each incoming wave caused them to retire a little farther inland.

"I've been waiting all day for a word with you, Nellie," said Henry.

"Isn't that 'a grand roller?'" she inquired, pointing indifferently to a wave combing and foaming as far as the eye could reach along the sands. Henry glanced at it seriously and was silent for

"Nellie, you are not interested in the rollers. I know that, and you are trying to put me off. You've been trying to tease me all day"—

"You've no right to say that," interrupted Nellie, pouting.

"Yes, I have," continued Henry with a smile, "but I admit that you have a right to tease me if you want to. Still, you wouldn't do so, I think, if you realized how much I care for you. You know I love you, Nellie; there's no need for me to tell you that, but you cannot know how much I love you, and perhaps the worst of it is that I can't tell you. Just let's understand each other, Nellie, if it's no more than for this minute. I thought you loved me. You do, don't you? Don't you, Nellie, dear?"

Now I happen to know that Nellie at this moment was proud of Henry's love; she loved him herself as best she could in her own way; she was happy and triumphant at once; yet, for reasons past my ken, she made this reply:

"If you stand there another minute you'll get your feet wet."

ON BOARD THE YACHT.

So astonished, nay, shocked, was Henry at such an answer that he jumped from his tracks as if a wave were about to ingulf him, whereat Nellie laughed. Then Henry flushed with something akin to anger.

"And that is all?" he asked; and after a slight pause, "I think we understand each other," he added, and walked rapidly away.

To everybody but Henry and Nellie the afternoon passed happily. The tide had nearly reached its height when all noticed that the horizon seaward was nearer at hand than it had been. As they watched they saw the sky slowly but surely eat up the rolling waters, and presently across the pounding breakers a dense and gloomy fog stalked in upon the beach, and in another moment, wind driven, it had wrapped itself about Lone Hill, blotted out the Point of Woods and hidden in blank grayness all the land beyond the bay. But it made little difference to the party of excursionists; there might be necessity of waiting before venturing across the bay, but that would merely prolong the enjoyment, and so the fun went on.

It was some time between 4 and 5 o'clock, and fog and wind and tide were at their height, when a man came trudging through the gray obscurity with a message that turned the thoughts of all the party from amusement or meteorologic speculation. His message was the deeds it led to are well remembered along that part of Long Island, and they have taken their place in the history of the United States. The man was Keeper Baker, of the government life saving station situated at Lone Hill, and he brought word that a big vessel had stranded about half a mile east of the station. When the southeast wind gathered up the forces for July 4, 1884, Baker began to patrol the stretch of beach guarded by his station, and so it was that shortly after she drove in upon the sands he was able to distinguish dimly the outlines of a great boat beyond the surf, and he knew at once that all on board were in imminent peril. He did not say all this to the party of excursionists: one glance at his strong face told them that he sought a volunteer crew. He had hardly begun his hurried explanation before Henry Martin had placed himself at the keeper's side. It was but a moment, and then the keeper, followed by six stalwart men, hurried to the station.

The surf boat was already on the carriage, and loaded with all the appliances for saving life. The men dragged the heavy carriage over the sands, the broad flanges of the wheels sinking but little, and excitement of the work making the task an easy one. The whole party of excursionists followed until they, too, could distinguish now and again a dull black shadow in the fog seaward that they knew to be the hull of the stranded vessel. Then they saw the experienced keeper and his volunteer crew push the long, deep boat from the carriage to the sand and into the surf. More than one woman's heart grew faint as the valiant workers completely disappeared in the spray of the first roller that struck them. Then with a great glow of relief they saw the boat upright upon the tumbling water, four men pulling at the oars, and the keeper directing her head straight against the oncoming waves, and after that they watched with straining eyes and bated breath the surf boat slowly make its way toward the vessel, until the fog shut it wholly out of vision.

The men pulled away, and at last by the exercise of skill that accomplishes marvelous deeds with small boats in a high sea, they lay alongside the stranded vessel, which proved to be the Gulf of St. Vincent, an iron steamer, of Hartlepool, England. She was just at the end of a voyage from Calcutta to New York. She was well laden with merchandise, and besides a crew of thirty-two men she carried five Hindoo passengers. The latter naturally received the first attention of the life savers, and the more especially because the captain of the steamship believed that his vessel could be worked off the sands before another morning, and he therefore chose to remain on board with the crew.

After what seemed an age to the excursionists on shore, the surf boat was seen returning. The men gathered at the water's edge and in it to assist in effecting a landing, and the women crowded down behind them. The boat had been successfully beached, and four of the passengers had been lifted out, when a great roller dashed some of the men down and began to swing the boat around. The fifth passenger, a woman, fell forward in her fright. One of the crew dashed into the receding water, and taking the woman in his arms, bore her to the shore. Few noted this incident in the general activity and excitement, but Nellie saw it, for the man with the living burden was Henry Martin. Not stopping at the beach, he plunged off through the fog and across the sands toward the station, a half mile away.

"Henry!" called Nellie, as he struggled along, but his form was already dim in the fog, and if he heard her he did not reply. She would have followed but help care for the rescued people, all of whom were conveyed as speedily as possible to the station. When Nellie reached the station the woman saved by Henry Martin was there, but Henry had gone back to the surf boat. How he contrived to carry his burden so far may best be explained by the heroes of the life saving service, who know best the strain is over that they have been enduring and accomplishing miracles.

It was then dark, and the volunteers built a great fire and lay down upon the sand beside it to await a signal from the steamship should she begin to go to pieces. No signal came, but how the men by the fire waited all night, and went out next morning through the heavy surf to the ship again; how men came from Blue Point and Point of Woods stations; how life buoys were rigged; how the captain refused to abandon his ship; how other crews put out in boats across the surf, and all were driven back; how the captain had to yield to the inevitable, and, after three days of almost constant work, how he and all his crew were saved—these things and much more are all set down in official records of the government. For me it only remains to tell of a young man, haggard, unkempt and weary, who left the station at last with something almost of regret in his heart that the sea had not swallowed him, and yet something also of manly pride in the struggle he had endured; who crossed the sand bar and went toward the bay, where his companions had told him a boat was waiting to take him back to Babylon. This young man plodded along heavily, wholly unlike the giant who had battled with wind and waves, and sands and fog, and he did not look up until startled by a woman's voice close by. It was Nellie, for when she had seen him coming she had ran from the Sawyer's sloop to meet him. And when they both had gone aboard, Nellie blushing and excited, and Henry dazed, but strangely happy, young Jim shoved off from the dock, and taking the tiller said:

"I'm all the crew there is, Mart, and I guess in this breeze I can get you home O. K. If I can't I'll tell you to help me work. You and Nell sit down and say what you please. I don't care anything but the wind and the peak of the mains'l."

FREDERICK R. BURTON.

Curiously Gratified.

Inquisitive Stranger—Say, young fellow, what are you going to do with that boy rocket?

The Young Fellow (mysteriously)—Dig an artesian well.

WELSH TIN PLATE MACHINE.

What They Have to Say About It in "Chicago and Importance."

The London Financial Times of May 12 discusses the tin plate situation in Wales. It says:

"On the one hand we hear that applications of machinery have already been invented in plant, and that the plate making is about to boom in Kaminstand. On the other, we are told that such a change of tin plate has been made there, or will be made there for years. Doubtless the truth lies somewhere between these two extremes. As yet the efforts in the direction made in the states are principally tentative, but few people doubt that sooner or later they will be crowned with success. Raw materials are abundant and technical skill are all at hand, or can easily be obtained. What Wales is wanting to build up her industry, and it is to be feared that the Welsh manufacturers are receiving themselves if they imagine that a decade must elapse before any impression can be made on their industry by steels across the water."

The Welsh Colonists is not to be overlooked so fast as his American brother. For, often have the English men the supremacy wrested from them in other industries to doubt of the future of American tin plate making. They remember how it was with steel, and pig iron, and watches, and nails and numberless other things, and they tremble for the future of their tin plate industry. But the efforts of his American brother have not gone unnoticed by the Britisher. Their presence here is the one ray of hope which appears to the Financial Times through the gloom of the tin plate situation. It continues:

"A year or two, however, will certainly intervene before the competition can be really dangerous. Long ere that time it is to be hoped that the American people will have torn up the McKinley tariff and branch, or at least have pruned

The Town Crier Weekly.

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All communications should be addressed to

C. ROGERS & SON,
Editors and Proprietors

Smethport, Pa., July 3 1891

Republican State Convention.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE,
COMMONWEALTH HOTEL, Phila., June 8, 1891.

To the Republican Electors of Pennsylvania

A conference and correspondence with the members of the Republican State Committee, and by their invitation, I hereby give notice that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their legal representatives in Convention assembled, will meet in the Opera House, in the borough of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, August 19 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following offices, to be voted for at the general election to be held throughout the Commonwealth on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November A. D. 1891, viz:

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. Edward M. Paxson.

One person for the office of Auditor General.

One person for the office of Surveyor General.

Two persons for the office of Congressman-at-Large.

Also, to elect delegates to the Republican National Convention, to be held in the City of Minneapolis, Minnesota, on the 7th day of June, 1892, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

The Committee on Contested Seats will meet at the Commonwealth Hotel, in the City of Philadelphia, on Tuesday, August 18, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The basis of representation will be one delegate at large and one delegate for each 2,000 Republican voters, or majority fraction thereof, cast for Governor at the last preceding election.

By order of the Committee.

WM. H. ANDREWS, Chairman.
WILLIAM L. ADAMS, Secretary.
FRANK WILLIS, Legal Secretary.

THE JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT VETOED.

In 1843 Gov Porter signed a bill dividing the State into 13 Judicial districts. At the late session of the Legislature a bill was passed to distribute the State into Judicial districts which failed. If we are correct by information, eleven to those created under the act of '43. The Governor's chief objection to the bill is that it creates too many judges, increasing the number to ninety eight. This idea would hardly have occurred to him when he approved the bill of 1883 which made 87 judges.

The veto power is vested in the Governor and of course if exercised is placed in his hands within ten days of the final adjournment, he can dash away at the bills to his heart's content. The Legislature is among the things that "were" and is utterly powerless to combat his determination to override the wishes of the people as expressed through their representatives. It is difficult to understand why the Judicial Apportionment should have been in the hands as early as the 15th of April, or at the latest the first of May It passed both houses by nearly a unanimous vote, and unquestionably would have been passed over the veto had the Legislature been given an opportunity to express its opinion on the subject.

The Constitution of the State fixes the number of inhabitants which a county must have to entitle it to a separate judicial district. The Convention which framed that Constitution was composed of a body of men who ought to have known something about the judicial requirements of the State in which they lived, almost as much as the young man who for the second time accidentally bought the Keystone State monthly that membership were two ex Chief Justices of the Supreme Court, Messrs Jeremiah S. Black and Geo W Woodward, two ex Attorneys Generals, Wm M Meredith and Samuel A Purviance four subsequent Atty Generals, Sam'l E. Dimmick, Gen Lem Henry W Palmer and Lewis C Cassidy and nearly a hundred of the most eminent Judges and lawyers of the State, including in this section ex Judge Ross Brown, of Warren, Hon Jas S Mann, of Coudersport, and Hons M F Elliott and Jerome B Niles, of Wellsboro. The section of the constitution which these men framed and which establishes the size of a Judicial District in Pennsylvania reads as follows.

"Whenever a county shall contain 40,000 inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of said district may require."

It further provides for the forming of conventional single districts but of counties containing less than this population. Under the census of 1880 on the basis of which the Judicial Apportionment of 1883 was made, Potter remain contained a population of 14,282 Tioga 37,981. That apportionment gave the State 87 judges. On the basis of 40,000 to a district the State would have been entitled to 107 judges had they been necessary Under the present census of 5,258,014 there could be 131 judges were they required by the business of the several counties. The Governor whimse becames eleven additional judges are asked under the bill which he vetoed, apparently not considering the fact that a million population had been added to the total enumeration of the State since his approval of a bill in 1883, not half as meritorious.

One of the grave objections to the bill said which he dwells upon at some length in the making of Potter and Cameron into a separate district with a population of only 30,000. He fails to explain that this arrangement would be unsatisfactory to his Democratic friend, Judge Mayer, because it would take Cameron out of his district, neither does he say a word about the population of that Judge's district with Cameron out. The facts are that Cameron and Potter are two very thrifty growing counties, their interests are largely identical, and although their combined population is a little short of the constitutional ratio they have more important business in their courts than many single districts of the State. The counties of Clinton and Elk contain a population exceeding 40,000 and although separated by Cameron, the county seats of the two counties are not over three hours apart by rail.

It is upon such flimsy pretexts as the dwelling up of Judge Mayer's district that instances a small Governor of a great State to override the demands of the people.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

From our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG June 30.—It is now amusing to take up the democratic newspapers of the day and to read the glowing accounts of the great harmony that reigns in the ranks of the Democratic party It is so thick that it can be cut out in great big chunks and the every act of the present Majority-Republican administration, is taken with a view to the solidification of the harmony that is supposed to exist but if results show anything at all they show that Pattison had made some pretty bad breaks and has occasioned some wide breaches in the party ranks, and abuse of his administration comes from his own party press in tones far more caustic than any criticisms that have appeared in the opposition press.

He has wielded his veto power in the most dictatorial manner even to the extent of declaring that as Governor he would not or could not approve of any bill which he could not support as a member of the Legislature if he were in the same, His private opinion dictates his action on bills that have reached him through the Legislature

Of course this he considers broad statesmanship from a Pattison stand point.

It is not simply his action in vetoing certain measures that has caused him enemies but it is a happy faculty he has recently acquired of making promises to do a certain thing and then when the time comes for election he disregards his promise and does just what he was expected not to do

Let me instance a few cases. His vetoes of certain items in the general appropriation bill for expenses of certain investigations by Legislative Commissions, after he had sanctioned and encouraged such investigations, and practically proposed his approval of the items of expense of such Legislative inquiries.

The opening of the session marked a contest that looked like a dead lock so far as the Senate confirmations of the Democratic nominations for cabinet positions were concerned. Post five promises were given by Pattison and his party followers in the Senate that certain things would be done if the majority party would confirm certain Democratic nominations. The Republicans faithfully kept all the pledges made, but Pattison and his party threw their promises to the dogs" and with a total disregard for pledges given proceeded to do exactly what was pledged they would not do

The readers of Alcroft's letters to the Times will recall the promises made by the Administration with regard to the composition of the World's Fair Commission Governor Pattison's disregard of these promises is of too recent a date to need any further reference here His selections of names, as representative men for membership on this commission has given to the State a beautiful sample of political crazy quilt patchwork which, with one or two exceptions, is made up of names which have never been identified in any way with Pennsylvania's progress or interests, and names almost unknown in the Keystone State The Republican members of the Legislature, however, have themselves to censure for this work but owing to a threat of the executive to veto the measure unless he was given absolute power to appoint, they accepted the proposition made as to the composition of the commission to case the Legislature passed the bill in the shape the Governor suggested It was thus passed and Pattison has accordingly embraced the opportunity of paying off some of his political debts, by its aid but in total disregard of the promises made to the Republicans

His veto of the "compulsory education bill that is of it, although was a violation of promises made to the K of I Legislative Committee. Mr Powderly has already given the fair answer an opinion on the veto of this measure and was not at all accommodatory in its reference to the matter The veto of several small appropriation bills, for the coal regions, it is claimed the Executive had promised his approval, has brought upon him the severest censure and condemnation of some of his most ardent party supporters in Luzerne county

We can thus see very readily how the Governor is solidifying the ranks of the Democratic party in the State The Mugwumps and indolent Democrats applaud Pattison but the staunch and reliable old wheel horses of the Democratic party have no use for him and mark the prediction "Pattison has got as high as he is going in his party's favor"

In his recent veto of the Judicial Apportionment bill, he goes considerably out of his way to insult the Judiciary of the State He says the Judges have come to be generally recognized as a too numerous class of public functionaries," but his great reguard for the Constitution, which he claims has been violated, would compel him to veto the bill, aside from any other objections he might have His objections to a separate District for McKean county are found in the following

The apportionment act of 1883 organized McKean County with Potter county attached, to be the forty-eighth district, subsequently in 1887 an additional law for this purpose was created to terminate at the end of two years. Presumably the framers of the act of 1883 were convinced that not justify the continuance of the Judgeships in that district, and on Cameron county was put 1,200 people in addition to Potter to furnish pretext for creating another district. The history of this district, as considered by the bill under review illustrates the process by which judges are multiplied, not only during the decennial census, but constantly during the interval.

Factory Inspector Watchorne is cleaning out his department as rapidly as possible and in ten days more time there will not be a Republican in his department. So soon as all Republicans are ousted Mr Watchorne will his himself westward and take unto himself a better half" and will make a trip over the Atlantic to the "old soil" and let his people know how his country men fare in this free American, and what rapid progress they make in political preferment.

Governor Pattison's Democratic City Treasurer for Philadelphia has been a thorn in the side of the Democracy the past few days and has occasioned no end of dissatisfaction because the party in the city has been entirely ignored and Mr Wright, the City Treasurer, has gone over to Jersey for his Chief Clerk. This the "faithful" regard as a direct insult to the party men in Philadelphia. The Governor has been appealed to and Mr Harrity has gone to the city to endeavor to straighten things out for the disaffected "boys" It is fun, and the harmony that exists in the ranks of the Democracy is so thick that you can cut it out in big chunks. ALCROFT

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* expresses the opinion that "the Republican party needs only two things to ensure the success in 1892 absolutely certain, to-wit: The election of Mills to the Speakership and the nomination of Cleveland for the Presidency." Any other two leaders for Speaker and President will do as well.

AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY WHEELS (SOME OF THEM ON LEGS) ON A BICYCLE.

(Copyright 1891 by George D. Nichols)

From the NEWS's own correspondent.

Glasgow, Ireland, May 15, 1891.

In the age of science in traveling, when a modest $800 will insure the least adventurous of us a tour of the world in eighty days, a year or two's wandering abroad over this earth of ours—even on a bicycle—becomes simply a matter of settling about it. A farewell view from the dome of the World Building (excuse me, the Pulitzer Building) with the busy, self absorbed ant hill of the metropolis below you—and lo, six days hence, on any of the half-dozen ocean racers, finds you on board the tender just off Queenstown bar" or with the ocean trip of nearly 2,500 miles a completed stage in your journey, occupying but a subordinate place in the vista of your life How different was it in those days when the skipper without a sextant, took a goat on board in order that he might learn from the keen scent of that sagacious animal in what direction he should make for land now we would leave the aromatic creature on shore, and trust to our own senses to discover by its bereavedness by snuffing him from afar

But what a coquettish thing the sea is after all. For a day or two out she is calm and amiable, and in your exuberance you congratulate yourself upon being a good sailor and even venture with a knowing air to coax one or two of Captain Maryat's nautical expressions out the prosaic ones, of course—in hearing of the ladies, but after she has induced you to commit yourself she blows up stiff, and you feel Oh, my I remember one night on the way from Paris down to Dieppe we had on board the train a sweltering young Englishman who, upon seeing the weather very clear outside, thought to freeze our very blood by wishing we would have a jolly rough night of it. But when we reached the coast it was blowing very fresh and by the time we had made the offing we were in the trough of a memorable storm that lasted all night. The only consolation I had on that dreadful voyage was to see that the prematurely jubilant young Englishman was as sick as any of us.

A delightful ride by rail up the rambling river Lee took us the thirteen miles from Queenstown to Cork, whither we had ordered our bicycles shipped from Coventry At one of the little wayside stations the prospect was so irresistible that I jumped out of our compartments to get a snap shot at it with our Kodak (for I press the button while Gene does the resting) but the old guard was too quick for us and shouted out in rich brogue Don't be gettin out or I'll be after layin you behind" The May races were in progress in Cork and this gave us an opportunity to see the people out for a holiday Here and there the picture was lightened up by a soldier dressed in a uniform of obtrusive red and with an absurd little pill box of a cap perched on the right side of his head off duty for a day and dazzling his sweetheart, perhaps, with his brass buttons—and members of the constabulary in their suits of dark blue were more numerous than the ordinary bobbies," or municipal policemen so that, in the company of these and other outlandish customs, we felt quite at home in our abbreviated corduroys, and to tell the truth even Gene (he goes with me) looked positively handsome beside some of the characters we saw and that is saying a good deal. Cork in itself, is not an un interesting town and the visitor who will see it and its environs, and study them closely will find them an epitome of all South Ireland nowhere do the birds sing more sweetly do the flowers bloom more lavishly or are the people more characteristic of themselves.

We found our bicycles duly await ing us, of the safety pattern, of course, and with cushion tires. The cushion tire I class be explained for the benefit of the lay reader is an improvement lately introduced consisting essentially of an extra large tire hollow in the middle, which, aside from eliminating the vibration of the machine, makes it much more effective on bad roads Another tire, the pneumatic which is yet larger and which consists simply of a thin casing of rubber inflated with compressed air, is also coming into general use and it is inevitable that the effect of this agitation of the tire problem which is not yet satisfactorily solved, will be to again revolutionize the bicycle and vastly increase its adaptability to general purposes

Having purchased macintosh coats, in anticipation of the proverbial Irish showers, and packed our luggage valises with the fifteen pounds of extra clothing, guide books, road books, maps, sketching materials, and other paraphernalia that we carry along with us, we mounted our new wheels before breakfast next morning and proceed ing through the Mardyke, the fashionable promenade of the city a walk a mile long embowered by a double row of fine elms directed our course toward Blarney the one place that every visitor to Cork without exception performs a pilgrimage to was just such a morning as must have inspired Mrs. Blake's charming little book on Summer Vacation in Europe "and May is the most delightful month of the year in South Ireland—when it doesn't rain. It is only five miles from Cork to Blarney by the direct road but we selected a more interesting circumbendibus route, which took us along up the Lee for several miles.

The air was literally filled with the songs of birds, greater in variety and more melodious than we ever hear in America, and many of them strange to us. The thrush especially has a most phenomenal range, and we heard him sing without a break every note of the last line of "Twickenham Ferry" "And 'tis but a penny to Twickenham town," though I hesitate to say which is the plagiarist, the composer of that favorite old ballad. Even the birds that we were familiar with seemed to be more highly gifted and to sing out with more freedom and spirit than their American cousins, while even the ceaseless cawing of the crows seemed to have more of harmony and less of discontent and complaint in it. And in addition they are all so tame that you feel a little nearer to nature yourself, and more confidential, and you almost want to join in and sing too. But there are very stringent restrictions against the use, or even the possession of firearms in Ireland—for political reasons—and the birds are in this way incidentally protected from destruction. Not a gun can be lawfully kept in Ireland without a formal license, and in order to be allowed to shoot such a gun, to scare away crows for instance, one must take out a second license, which does not entitle one however to kill anything, while in order to be allowed to kill game a third and full license must be procured each particular license involving the payment of a fee to the government.

THE increased school appropriation which McKean county will receive from the State Treasury under the legislation of the last session of the Legislature amounts to $17,215.53. Our appropriation heretofore has been $11,142.69. For the next two years at least it will be $28,339.22.

IT is difficult to find a man, no matter what his politics, who doesn't believe that McKinley will be the next Governor of Ohio.

Send copies for the Mirror.

BY CONGRESSMAN NEEDHAM.

Mr. Needham, of St. Louis presented the other day a statement of facts to the tin plate Mare which was strangely enough, printed in one of them, the New York Times. "I tell you," said Mr. Neldringhans, with emphasis, "it is all a question of wages of workingmen. I would like to say to the Democratic newspapers of New York that if they will give me the labor at the prices which are paid in England, I will discount the English prices on the manufactured article by ten per cent. There are now 265 men engaged in my works and when the new part of the plant is completed about 230 more will be employed, including the sheets. Boys who will clean the plate We intend to make plate even tually from the ore, and then the cost of the plate in St. Louis will be entirely labor" It is now in order for the New York *Post* to send a subscriber to St. Louis to contradict Mr Neldringhaus. Employment has been given to 265 American workmen could anything be more shocking from a free trade point of view?—*Albany Journal.*

HON THOMAS H DUDLEY of New Jersey gives the following reasons for being a protectionist "Because protection promotes the prosperity and welfare of the country, by giving employment to labor and developing the resources of the nation. The more general the employment of the people, the greater the production, and the greater the production the cheaper the price of the commodities produced will be to the consumers who uses them Protection or self preservation is a principle implanted by God upon all animated matter and it is better, not only for the people of the Nation itself, but for the whole world that such Protection should be given to labor in each nation as will produce the same results in production in each separate country

LITERARY NOTES.

THE FUTURE OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

As to the English of the future, who knows what the years may bring forth! The language is alive and growing and on all sides, to the grief of the purist and pedant, who prefer a language that they can dissect at will, and that has come to the end of its usefulness. The existence of Britishism and of Americanisms and of Australianisms is a sign of healthy vitality Neither usage" said Professor Freeman, after contrasting certain Americanisms and Britticisms, "can be said to be in itself better or worse than the other Each usage is better in the land in which it has grown up of itself An unprejudiced critic (such a one could happily be found, would probably discover an equality of blemish on either side of the ocean—more precision and pedantry on the one hand and more daring carelessness on the other To declare a single standard of speech is impossible—by BRANDER MATTHEWS, in *Harper's Magazine* for July

SPEED AND FORM IN SHIPS.

The primary condition for high speed is fineness of form so that the water at the bow of the vessel may be separated and thrown to one side and brought to rest again at the stern and behind the vessel with the least possible disturbance and the measure of efficiency of form for the maximum speed intended is inversely as the height of the waves of disturbance A ship that has been designed to attain a speed of 15 knots will, when moving at 12 knots, show a very slight disturbance indeed, and in one designed for 19 knots, when moving at this lower speed, it will be scarcely observable but however fine the lines of a ship may be she must at every speed produce some disturbance, although it may be very slight, as the water displaced by her must be raised above the normal level and replaced at the stern level hence, at or near the crest of a ship there is always the stern of a wave, and at or near the hollow of one. When a vessel is going at its maximum speed and is properly designed for that speed, the wave should not be very high, nor should it extend beyond the immediate neighborhood of the bow likewise the wave of replacement should be the same at or near the stern of a ship, and the wake" or disturbance water left behind in the track of the ship, should be narrow—From "Speed in Ocean Steamers," by A E SEATON in July *Scribner*

HEAD BETTER THAN GOLD

During the closing days of December 1846, gold was found in my mother's cabin at Donner Lake by John Denton. I remember the night well The storm fiends were shrieking in their wild mirth, we were sitting about the fire in our little dark home, busy with our thoughts. Denton with his one eye knocking pieces off the large rocks used as fire-irons on which to place the wood Something bright attracted his attention, and picking up a piece of the rock he examined them closely then turning to my mother he said, Mrs. Reed, this is gold" My mother replied that she wished it were Denton knocked more chips from the rocks, and he handed in the fragments to her for the shining particles until he had gathered about a teaspoonful This he tied in a small piece of buck skin and placed in his pocket, saying, "If we ever get away from here I am coming back for more." Denton started out with the first relief party, perished on the way, and no one thought of the gold in his pocket. Denton was about thirty years of age, he was born in Sheffield, England, and was a gunsmith and gold-beater by trade. Gold has never been found on the shore of the Lake, but a few miles from there in the mountains canons, from which this rock possibly came, rich mines have been discovered.—*From the July Century*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Both Headache and relieve all the distressing symptoms dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after Eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head ache is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure while others do not.

ACHE

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Hasting School District for the fiscal year ending June 1 1891.

Whole number schools	11
Number of teachers employed	11
Number of pupils enrolled	263
Average daily attendance	204
Am't tax levied for school purposes	$3,000 54
Am't tax levied, building and bond	1,200 18
Treasurer's account money received.	
From H C Stickles, ex treasurer	$ 261 93
" State Appropriation	1,622 39
" Coll including taxes of all kinds	2,102 09
" U. S. treasury, unsettled lands	724 35
" Order on Bond tax	2,234 10
" From ex-Collector Hamlin	33 00
" Other sources	
Total	$7,179 17
Money paid out	$ 20 00
for Leading grounds	20 00
" Building houses	4,700 00
" Teachers wages	62 50
" Repairs	224 16
" Fuel and contingencies	73 55
" Fees of treasurer	13 35
" Salary of secretary	13 35
" Printing and su dries	2,102 09
" Debt and interest paid	197 10
" Supplies	33 10
" Other sundry expenses	
Total	$7,423 08
RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.	
Cash on hand	$ 1,577 09
Amount due from Collector Hussey	1,418 23
Amount due from County Treasurer	
Orders Nos. 8, 20, 12, 117, 14, 116 17, 16 178, 13, 15, 43, 91 and 130 not allowed.	
HENRY WRIGHT } Auditors.	
ALLAN OVIATT }	
W. S. ACKER, Secretary	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Hamilton School District, for the year ending June 1 1891

Whole number of schools	9
Number of teachers employed	13
Number of pupils enrolled	324
Am't tax levied for school purposes	$2294 14
Treasurer's account money received	
Balance on hand from last year	$ 90 22
Received from State appropriation	413 74
" J. K. Hall, collector	343 60
" County Treasurer	1,170 30
" Use of school house	19 00
Total receipts	$ 2047 66
Treasurers Account money paid out	
For Teachers wages	$ 1223 77
" Furnishing Houses	244 34
" Repairing Houses	21 60
" Fuel and contingencies	13 35
" Salary of Secretary	13 35
" Salary of Treasurer	13 35
" Other expenses	1 50
Total money paid out	1743 66
RESOURCES.	
Cash on hand	101 81
From J. K. Hall, coll' less percentage and 4 exonerations	202 00

WM. I. BARTHOLOMEW, Secy

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Smethport School District for the year ending June 1, 1891

J. A. Holmes Collector

To Balance last Ac'nt		$ 169 27
" Additional on Duplicate 1890	$ 9 61	
" Duplicate for 1890	4233 80	
" Additional for 1890	44 15	4287 56 11
By cash paid Treas. Bouton	119 12	
" Duplicate 1890		
By cash paid Treas. Bouton	3704 88	
" Duplicate 1890		
By 5 per cent. discount allowed	220 23	
" tax papers	122 62	
By Exonerations	113 21	
" Commissions	107 09	4387 56 11
Balance due from Col. Holmes		

J. W. Bouton, Treas. Smethport School District.

	Dr	
To Balance due last Audit	$ 333 00	
" Amt. received from State Appropriation	417 11	
To Amt. received from County Treasurer Rogers	333 00	
To Amt received from Prof A C Anderson tuition	197 10	
To Amt received from Coll. Holder	3333 00	$5220 11
	Cr	
By paid bond Cl, 72 and 1	$ 700 00	
By interest on bonds paid and outstanding	183 33	
By Commissions	99 63	
By orders paid and cancelled	3534 10	
By balance due from Treas. Bouton	703 05	$5220 11

RESOURCES.

Am't due from Treas. Bouton	$ 703 05	
Am t due from Coll. Holder	148 60	
Am t due from ex Treas King	33	
Am t due from ex Treas Gil ford	07	
Liabilities over resources.	1433 05	$2317 50
LIABILITIES.		
Bonds 72, 74, An 1 75 at $100	300 00	
Bonds 2, 3 4 and 5 at $500	2000 00	
Outstanding orders	77 50	$2377 50

As I now June 11th 1891 having examined the accounts and vouchers pertaining to the school funds in the hands of J. W. Bouton Treasurer and others above named we find and report balance as above set forth.

W. D. GALLUP, } Auditors.
J. C. GALLUP }

HOWARD F. WILSON,

DINING HALL,

FRESH BALTIMORE

OYSTERS

Served in every style.

FRESH FISH

for family use received over Thursday evening. Leave your orders and they will be delivered at your homes free of charge.

MEALS AND LUNCH.

Served at all hours. Call and get

A GOOD DINNER FOR 25 CENTS.

Fine brands of Tobacco and Cigars, and refreshments constantly on hand Smethport, May 2, 1890—tf

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the Petition of M. A. Hutchings, Daniel E. Mowry, Amos Dunbar and Joseph M Kenney for Incorporation of the partnership of M. A. Hutchings & Co. and the Appointment of a Receiver

In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean Co., Pa., sitting in Equity. No. 1, Dec'n Term, 1891.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court to distribute the fund in the hands of the receiver in the above entitled case, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at his office in the borough of Smethport, on Friday, the 24th day of July, 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are hereby notified to come and prove their claims and be heard, if they see proper.

W. W. MAYO, Auditor

Smethport, Pa., July 13, 1891.

A. T. PALMER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Heavy Team Wagons, Platform Spring Wagons, Surries, Top and Open Buggies, Runner Spring Road Wagons, Road Carts in great variety. My horses are headquarters for every kind of vehicles on wheels. There is a growing demand for carriages of various styles, finely painted and ironed. Good stock and you will find in my stock a number of leaders in the Line. Soliciting your patronage.

Very respectfully,
A. T. PALMER.

B.H.&C.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, July 1, '91.

The store will be closed all day next Saturday and at noon every Saturday, during July and August.

The Society of the Grand Army of the Potomac representing several thousand veterans of the late war, will hold their annual reunion in Buffalo, on Friday and Saturday of this week, July 3d and 4th.

Extensive preparations have been made to welcome all visitors and provide for their entertainment The decorations will be on a scale seldom equalled in this or any other city

The railroads centering in Buffalo offer reduced rates.

All the enthusiasm of local pride will awaken by the occasion, and yet—it would be poor enterprise to bring you here and not to serve you well.

What the city will do in one sense we shall do in another Prices will go to below cost in many an instance We figure to save you quarters and dollars, almost as fast as you can spend them It's our way of adding to your enjoyment.

There's much of interest where nearly three acres of selling space are represented under one roof and management—more, perhaps, than you think for.

We want you to know that we have a trade advantage because we sell much and that we use this tremendous advantage to your interests, dividing all the profits we save—with every customer.

We extend a hearty welcome to all who can get to Buffalo, now or soon. The store is for your use and enjoyment.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO

INSURANCE,

Life, Fire and Accident, written by

W. F. SPECHT,

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Welcome and Return

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

—OR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st

J. F. ROONEY.

C. A. BURDICK,

General Insurance Agency,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The following first-class companies represented.

North America, Philadelphia	$ 9,000,000
Franklin, Philadelphia	2,500,000
Pennsylvania Fire, Philadelphia	5,000,000
County, Philadelphia	853,554
Hanover, New York	3,676,554
Hon. Fire, London, U S Branch	3,000,000
Royal, Liverpool	6,400,7356
Commercial Union, London	2,710,225

LIFE INSURANCE.

Mutual Life, New York	$100,000,000
Travelers Accident, Hartford	11,917,940

Also agency for the sale of first-class

Pianos, Organs

BANJOS

—AND—

SEWING MACHINES.

All sold for cash or on installments

Orders by mail promptly attended to and correspondence solicited.

1891

Finds us with larger and better stock of

CYCLES,

Cripples Tricycles,

Sundries, &c., than ever. Also more room, repair shop and riding school, and especially prepared for both local and shipping trade exchanging, &c.

Added a fine line of Safes, Writing Desks and Hand Carts and am ready to quote Low Prices.

M. A. WOODBURY,

47-49 Mechanic Street, - BRADFORD, PA

MONEY

We furnish on approved security, real estate loans, payable in monthly installments, at 6 per cent. interest, with privilege of paying any part or all of the loan at any time. Easy to understand. No charges. We have no blanks. You can obtain a loan in a few days. Call and see us or write for particulars. Office in Bank building, Smethport, Pa.

Pratt, Ely & Co., Smethport, Pa.

RUPTURE cured guaranteed by Dr. J. E. Mayr, 811 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Have no cash, no operations or pressure diet. Trade mark cured. Send for Circular. No. 251.

FURNITURE

Established, 1856.

And we box, ship and pay the freight on all out of town orders.

A FREE HINT.

QUESTION: HOW CAN I FURNISH A HOUSE AT A LOW COST?

ANSWER.

To "FURNISH A HOUSE AT A LOW COST," the first and most important thing is to find a place where you can purchase your furnishings at FIRST HANDS.

We are LEADERS, both in QUALITY and PRICE, and manufacture most of our own goods, thereby effecting a saving of at least one profit to our customers and ensuring a uniform high grade of goods.

That the public appreciate this fact is plainly demonstrated by our large and constantly increasing business. In view of these facts, can it not be said with perfect truth that to "furnish a house at a low cost," the the Furnishings must be bought at Headquarters—namely, at the immense establishment of HERSEE & CO

COME AND SEE

—FOR—

YOURSELVES,

And at the same time get our prices on any article of House Furnishings which you may require for present or future use.

$35	PARLOR SETS IN PLUSH, 6 Pieces.	$35
$35	PARLOR SETS, in HAIR CLOTH, 6 Pieces.	$35
$65	PARLOR SETS in WILTON RUGS, 5 Pieces.	$65
$18	CHAMBER SETS ANTIQUE,	$18
$20	CHAMBER SETS IN OAK.	$20
$25	ELEGANT CHAMBER SETS, Polish Finish.	$25

TREMENDOUS REDUCTIONS

—IN—

Fine and medium

PARLOR SETS.

Marked down in many instances $10 and $15 from original selling prices, and meaning that those who purchase a parlor set now can save that much money from the prices of a few days since.

Come and See Them.

You Can't Afford

To miss such a grand opportunity. A like benefit is in store for those who purchase any o our Fine or Medium

CHAMBER SETS.

All we ask is that you examine our stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

HERSEE & CO.,

247-255 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Two blocks from Main.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Send for our catalogue

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist.

Twenty years of practice.

GAS ADMINISTERED FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTION

Office over D. C. Young's new Store.

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled.

H. C. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

HOP BALSAM

Cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung Diseases. Nature's own wonderful and speedy cure. Never fails. Tastes good. Children like it. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price 25c.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable medical work (sealed) free, containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. H. F. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

WHY PAY RENT ANY LONGER?

The Rent You Are Paying Will in 6 Years Pay for a House!

Every Man Can Own His Own Home!

WHY NOT BE YOUR OWN LANDLORD?

The subscriber has fifty lots in this borough which he will sell at low figures, and by becoming a stockholder in the Savings and Loan Association, a man can soon pay for a home and not know how he did it.

I have desirable lots on King, Main and Water streets which I propose to sell this season if they are wanted. Perfect title will be given.

L. ROGERS.

SMETHPORT, Pa., April 8th, 1891.

W. E. WEAVER. L. EMERY, JR.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE!

41, 43 and 45 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

AGENTS FOR

THE TANITE COMPANY.

SOLID EMERY WHEELS.

6 in., 8 in, 10 in. and 12 in wheels kept in stock at all times.

Agents for the

SIMOND'S -:- CROSS-CUT -:- SAWS,

(Crescent-Ground). The best saw in the world.

Agents for the Cleveland

RUBBER - PAINT,

The very best paint ever put on the market

Agents for

W. F. & John Barnes Co.'s Lathes & Foot Power Machinery.

Agents for

INDURATED FIBER WARE

—AND—

GRANITE IRON WARE.

Agents for the National Tube Work's Co.'s

Tubing, Casing and Pipe.

All Kinds of Lumbermen's Goods.

EMERY -:- & -:- WEAVER,

BRADFORD, PA.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

SPECHT & SASSE,

HOUSE FURNISHERS AND DECORATORS.

YOU need some furniture! You will buy soon, and of course you will look around before you buy, as dollars saved is buying furniture is dollars made. We think we can save you these dollars. Our stock of

-:- FURNITURE. -:-

could not be better or fuller—all bought within a year, thus insuring newest styles, and lowest prices. Call and see our Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits, Sideboards, Book Cases, Office Desks and an endless variety of Chairs, Curtain Fixtures, and we will show you a line of goods that cannot be beaten in this section.

Undertaking Goods a Specialty.

We also have a full stock of Wall Paper and can furnish competent paper hangers and decorators when desired.

SPECHT & SASSE, Smethport, Pa.

The McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., July 3, 1891.

CLUBBING RATES.

We will send the MINER and any paper or magazine mentioned below for one year, to any address, as follows:

The MINER and Philadelphia Weekly *Press* $1.30.

The MINER and Albany Weekly *Journal* $1.30.

The MINER and Pittsburg *Chronicle* $1.30.

The MINER and *Judge Library of Law*, monthly for $1.60.

The MINER and Harrisburg Weekly *Patriot* for $1.75.

The MINER and New York *World* for $1.80.

The MINER and *Cosmopolitan Magazine* for $2.50.

The MINER and American *Economist* for $3.00.

The MINER and *Demorest Family Magazine* for $3.00.

The MINER and *National Tribune*, for $2.00.

The MINER and *Home Market Bulletin* for $1.30.

The MINER and *Scribner's Magazine* for $4.40.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

NOTICE.

F. W. Mosier, Sr., is the authorized agent of the MINER in Norton borough and the townships of Wetmore, Hamilton and Hamlin. He is authorized to receive subscriptions and contracts for advertising and job work for L. ROGERS AND SON.
Publishers.

—The Ever Gloriosa to-morrow.

—The boys are in it—in the swim.

—Now is the time to paint your potato bugs.

—The grass crop is about ready for the sickle.

—Field strawberries are ripe and very plentiful in this section.

—All who have underwear to shed prepare to shed them now.

—Watermelons parade their appearance in our market last week.

—George Backus has a fine line of fireworks and flags for the 4th.

—Butter is selling at 8 and 10 cents a pound in some sections of the State.

—Mason sells the Champion Mowing Machine and Champion Hay Rakes.

—All roads have led to White's gallery and the camp meeting, the past week.

—Extensive and much needed repairs are being made in the Baptist church.

—The foundation of the new Episcopal church is rapidly nearing completion.

—Many Smethport people will go out of town to-day and to-morrow to spend Independence Day.

—A runaway caused considerable excitement on Main street, near the court house on Saturday last. No damage resulted.

—Not having our arrangements quite completed we are unable to give the Court Record. It will, however, appear next week.

—Dan Keech has been putting the finishing touches to T. H. Purtis's model blacksmith shop and wagon works for the past few days.

—A fine veranda has been added to the house occupied by Nat. Daley, and other improvements made which adds much to its appearance.

—In accordance with advanced ideas, and no valid excuse appearing for doing otherwise, the MINER will be published next week as usual.

—But little enthusiasm seems to be manifested in the Fourth of July in this section. But two towns in the county will celebrate, Kane and Eldred.

—The children of the Baptist Sunday school picnicked at Burbank's grove, on Tuesday. All who were in attendance report having had a delightful time.

—Rev. J. M. Leach, of Colegrove, will preach in the M. E. Church morning and evening and at East Smethport at 3 o'clock, in exchange with Rev. T. W. Chandler.

—The services of the Baptist church will be held in Kittredge opera house next Sunday, morning and evening, and each succeeding Sunday until the repairs on the church are completed.

—Work on the new well of the Smethport Gas Company, on the Huntley farm, in Irish Hollow, is progressing finely. The drill was started on Saturday last and is now down about 600 feet.

—Excursion to the Thousand Islands, over the W. N. Y. & P., on July 11th. The unequaled facilities and the low rates of fare make this a very desirable outing which all should take advantage of.

—When lemons are cheap buy a quantity, slice them and pack in Mason's cans with alternate layers of granulated sugar, when full cover the top with sugar and seal. They will keep indefinitely.—*Ex.*

—It is estimated that the introduction of electric motors in this country, by throwing a large number of stock cars on the market, has produced an over supply in France of American dressed beef.—*Ex.*

—N. H. Knapp, J. W. Baker and Harry Backus visited the West Branch on Saturday morning last, returning in the evening with the finest mess of brook trout that has been brought in to Smethport this season.

—A Williamsburg merchant who had placed a drop-a-penny-in-the-slot machine in his store opened it a few days ago and found sixty pennies and four hundred less was here. The small boy had got in his work.

—The fire whistle did not prove much of an alarm, Monday night, judging from the number who were not awakened and time consumed in getting people out. Many know nothing of the fire until they got to their places of business.

—The sidewalk question will never grow old as long as we have as poor a walk as those on Water street east of State. Loose and twisted planks, against which pedestrians stumble, and bottomless mudholes are observable in many places.

—An exchange says: "Some of our editorial contemporaries are growing lost over the question of what shall be put in the new silver dollars—an Indian's head or an eagle." If they are going to Philadelphia they'd better have a string put on them.

—An exchange says "It is true the rain falls upon the just and unjust, but the fellow who leaves the church on a rainy Sunday before the sermon is ended is more likely to find an umbrella in the vestibule than is the saint who stays out of the last."

—Punxsutawney has an ordinance requiring all boys under sixteen years of age to be off the streets after eight o'clock at night, or they will be arrested and fined. A good law, and one that the borough officials of other towns that we know of would do well to perform after.

—Hereafter the school teachers for Keating township will be selected by the board of director, and we are requested to notify all persons desiring positions to make applications to the secretary of the board, W. S. Ayer, on or before Saturday, July 18, at which time the board will meet to consider applications.

—An exchange says that a little camphor placed in every window sill will keep out flies except in the kitchen, where the temptation is stronger and the remedy of necessity a little more stringent. But a little camphor sprinkled on the cook stove now and again will keep them out, while it will also neutralize the unpleasant smell of cooking.

—The death of Geo. W. Ashdown of Bradford, which occurred in that city on Saturday last is very much lamented all over McKean county, for in Masonic circles few men were better known. He was an exemplary citizen and was thoroughly esteemed by all his acquaintances. An interesting obituary of Mr. Ashdown was received from our Bradford correspondent, but too late for publication in this issue.

—On Tuesday, July 14, Geo. D. Rollins, Grand Prior of Pennsylvania, Knights of St. John and Malta, accompanied by his staff, will visit Smethport, on which occasion the members of Laurel Encampment, of Port Allegany, and Griffith Encampment, of Kane, will be the guests of Keystone Encampment of this place. One of the features of this visitation will be an open meeting, which will be addressed by the visiting officers.

—The monument erected to the memory of the late Hon. Jos. G. Hall is certainly a very fine one and an ornament to our cemetery. Modest in design and massive in proportions, being one of the largest in Western Pennsylvania. It is constructed of Barre, Vermont granite, standing thirty-six feet high and weighing over thirty-eight tons. Foley Bros. of Olean, N. Y. are the designers and manufacturers.—*Ridgway Democrat.*

—T. C. Wahaman's large saw mill at Eldred was completely destroyed by fire Saturday night. The origin of the fire is unknown, but is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as the mill did not run on Saturday and consequently there was no fire about the engine. The loss of this mill will be felt severely by the town as Mr. Wahaman is one of our heaviest shippers of lumber and employs a large force of men. By hard work most of the lumber in and around the mill was saved. There was no insurance.

—A case which shows the necessity of publishing notices of dissolution of partnership, when such dissolution has been made, was brought into court a few days ago. Prior to August 2, 1888, Benjamin Milliken and Henry Bettinger were partners in the butchering business. After that time Milliken purchased about $473 75 worth of cattle failing to pay for which the families brought suit against the firm of Bettinger & Milliken, and collected the whole amount from Bettinger.—*Titusville Citizen.*

—The camp meeting held by the Free Methodists of the Pittsburgh District, under the leadership of the Presiding Elder, was the center of attraction during the week just past. Large crowds were in attendance at almost every service, and while the audiences were made up of all all classes they were generally of a very orderly character. Some very eloquent divines of that denomination, from various parts of the country were present and assisted at each of the meetings. What the harvest will be, yet remains to be seen.

—H. S. Smith & Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., and Chicago, Ill., have issued an exquisitely bound volume of music, entitled "Our Hearts' Delights." It is most appropriately called "Heart's Delights," as it contains some of the choicest selections, not classical, of our best composers, including overtures, sonatas waltzes and selections from various operas. It also contains many new songs and choy old favorites, songs of sentiment, of humor, and of patriotism. Music that all can understand and appreciate. See advertisement in another column.

—A very quiet wedding was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Walter, on King street, on Wednesday, the contracting parties being Miss Nellie, the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter, and John Walter, M. D., of Lebanon, this State. The ceremony was performed by Rev J. H. McCandless of St. Luke's church, in the presence of the immediate relatives and a few family friends. The happy couple left on the 2.30 train for a brief tour, followed by the best wishes of a host of friends. They will make Lebanon their future home.

—The residence of Mrs. L. A. Freeman, on Cemetery street, in this borough, was destroyed by fire at an early hour on Tuesday morning last. The alarm was sounded at about three o'clock, and although there was no delay in getting out the department, when the boys reached the scene, the fire had reached such headway as to be clearly beyond control. The flames spread with great rapidity and in consequence the contents, with the exception of the furniture contained in four rooms on the lower floor, was consumed with the building. The origin of the fire is unknown, the house being unoccupied at the time. Mrs. Freeman having spent the night at the house of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Wells, near by. The loss is estimated at $12,000, on which there is an insurance of $4,000. The building contained a large amount of fine furniture, silver and china ware and valuable bric-a-brac which helps to swell the loss, but aside from that they have a greater value because they cannot be replaced. The house was most beautifully located and surrounded by handsome shade trees and shrubbery, which suffered to a considerable extent in the general destruction.

—The Philadelphia *Inquirer* referred, recently, to the fever epidemic at Bethlehem, Pa., in the following sensible language. It would be well for the people of Smethport to read what that paper says and act upon its suggestions, for there are few towns more in need of a thorough system of sewerage than this. The *Inquirer* says: "One of the greatest difficulties in making the suburban and inland towns healthy is the overcreation of some well-meaning people who fear that to call attention to any serious local danger to health is to hurt the town. Instead of being so the exact contrary is true. That suburban town would have a boom where the local authorities looked after every case of scarlet fever, diphtheria and other contagious diseases and prevented other children in the same house from attending the schools, where the authorities were alert to spy out danger to see public health as might be necessary. Some of the Bethlehem people have been afraid of hurting their town by making known the danger in their water supply. Bethlehem is really to be congratulated on knowing its danger. It now knows what to do. Sewers should come first, cesspools should be abolished."

TERMINAL RESTING.

We have received from Mrs. M. A. Dyer of Mount Jewett a request to announce to those whose names appear below that a package is awaiting them, please remove promptly as by postal or by inserting a notice to that effect.

J. W. McDowell was up from Eldred Sunday.

D. B. Weaver, of Bradford, was in town Tuesday.

A. G. Dunn and wife, of Duke Center, Sundayed in town.

B. G. Taylor and wife were over from Bradford Monday.

Miss Bertha Kerns visited friends in Bradford last week.

O. D. Gallup, of Norwich, was at the county seat Wednesday.

L. J. Gallup, of Port Allegany, had business in town Monday.

Dwight W. Weller is home from St. Marys, Pa., for a few days.

E. B. Dailey, of Port Allegany, was at the county seat Tuesday.

C. G Boyd and lady, of Bradford, were at the county seat Sunday last.

Dr. F. C. Pierce will take a two or three weeks' vacation after the 4th.

E. B. McCarty and J. W. Grant, of Mt. Jewett, were on our streets Wednesday.

A. J. Bond, of Bradford, was renewing old acquaintances in Smethport, on Tuesday.

Miss Emma Reilly was the guest of Miss Kate Fitzgerald of Bradford last week.

G. H. Sparks, one of Mt. Jewett's prominent business men, was in town Monday.

P. D Hopkins left for Buffalo Tuesday morning where he will sojourn for a few weeks.

T. L. McKean, of Wilcox was in town Tuesday, looking after his business interests in this locality.

W. H. Mandeville, the enterprising insurance agent, of Olean, had business in Smethport Wednesday.

Paul Hamlin is home from Concord, N. H., where he has been pursuing his studies at St. Paul's school.

Fred McElroy returned Monday evening from Meadville, where he has been attending Allegany College.

John C. McKenna, of Bradford, superintendent of B. B. and K. R. R., had business at the county seat Monday.

Hon. W. K. Jones, of Coudersport, Potter county's representative in the State Legislature, was about town Monday.

R. B. Frisbee and wife, George Harmon and Myrtle Allen, of Coryville, registered at the Chautauqua House last Sunday.

W. S. Brownell, H. L. McCoy and J. M. McElroy, of Smethport, were in attendance at the races during the past week.—*Bradford Sunday News.*

J. C. Backus and sister, Miss Nellie Backus, of Smethport and Miss Lillian Krahn, of Eldred, were among the spectators at the races last Thursday.—*Bradford Sunday News.*

Claude B. Patteet, of Goodell, and Miss Ettie C. Cole, of Derrick City, Pa., were united in marriage at the Grand Central Hotel, Olean, on Thursday of last week, Rev. F. Weidman officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Brownell returned from their brief bridal trip on Monday evening. On Tuesday evening the happy couple were the recipients of a serenade by the Smethport band, at their residence on State street.

Salaries of Postmasters.

The evidence of the prosperity of a town is no clearer shown than in the business of its Postoffice. It is exceedingly gratifying to us to state that a great increase is shown in the business of the Postoffice of Smethport the past year than in any town in Western Pennsylvania where third class offices exist. We believe that the character of the office and the way it is managed has very much to do with its business, therefore we are not surprised at the showing of the Smethport office, for under the management of Mr. Kerns it is truly a model one. The readjustment of the salaries of third class postmasters for the fiscal year beginning July 1st has just been finished. Those offices where no change has been made are not mentioned. The only changes made in the salaries of third-class masters of McKean county are Kane, which is increased $100.00, and of Smethport, $200.00. Following is a list of changes made in Western Pennsylvania: Barnhart's Mills, $1,000, decreased $100; Beaver, $1,400, increased $100; Clarion, $1,700, increased $100; Connellsville, $1,200, increased $100; Coudersport, $1,500, increased $100; Edinboro, $1,100, decreased $100; Emporium $1,500, increased $100; Green Castle $1,200, increased $100; Grove City $1,400, increased $100; Kane $1,700, increased $100; Mercer $1,700, increased $100; North Clarendon, $1,100, increased $100; North East, $1,000, increased $100; Ridgway $1,800, increased $100; Sandy Lake $1,000, decreased $100; Smethport $1,400, increased $200; Tidioute $1,500, increased $100.

From End to End.

The entire length of the line, tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip, July 2d 3d and 4th, between any two stations on the Nickel Plate.

School Directors' Meeting.

The second meeting of the McKean County School Directors's Association will be held in Kane, on Tuesday, July 14th.

The comparative values of the long term and the short term will be discussed. John T. Kent, of Keating township, was appointed to prepare a paper in favor of the short term and W. H. Emery, of Bradford township, was appointed to prepare one in favor of the long term.

Many other questions of interest and importance will be brought up and discussed.

All the directors in McKean county, Bradford city and all, are members of this association. Every director should make an effort to get out and spend the day on the mountain top, in one of the most flourishing towns in the county.

Trains leave Bradford and Smethport at 7:30 A. M. and returning, leave Kane at 5 P. M., arriving in Bradford and Smethport about 6:30 P. M.

Fourth of July Excursions on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

In pursuance of the usual custom the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets for the Fourth of July holiday between all stations on its system east of Pittsburgh and Erie, at a rate of *two cents* per mile.

The tickets will be sold on July 3d and 4th, and will be valid for return until July 7th, 1891, inclusive.

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending June 27:

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

Dorrenspie, M. M. Fowler, James,
Ervin, Eliza, Hodgins, Dennis,
Gaskin, Enos, Williams, E. Cate,
E. M. KERNS, P. M.

—Call at Mason's and examine his stock of Wheel Rakes, before purchasing elsewhere.

THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

[NOTICE.—Owing to a press upon our columns we are compelled, reluctantly, to cut our correspondence, especially all but important news items. As we desire to make this department of a local paper as interesting as possible, and at the same time, a complete record of events, we ask our correspondents to condense themselves as closely as possible to the news of their respective localities.—ED.]

KANE.

Our trout fishermen report good catches.

The color of the wheat fields are changing.

C. H. Keep has returned from Philadelphia.

Thos. McClellan has returned from his southern trip.

Summer guests are arriving daily at the Tremont House.

A number of our citizens were at the Kinzua bridge on Sunday.

Chief Lookey is on duty too many hours for the pay he receives.

F. B. Burgess and family have gone to Elmira, N. Y., their future home.

Mr. J. Tweddle has secured the services of Fred Wagner, a practical wagon-maker of Olean N. Y.

Miss Ethel and Master George Crossmire are home from the Soldiers Orphans school at Butler, Pa.

It is in the air; we breathe it in with gladsome heart-throbs—oil excitement, ever-increasing prosperity for our growing town.

H. H. Cornell is having the Kane House 'bus painted by Kline, the Chase street carriage painter. It will be a beauty.

Burgess Orr is at present assisting in person the grading of Fraley street, which will soon have a most creditable appearance.

The brick blocks of C. H. Keep and J. H. Grady on Fraley street are beginning to have a heighth and breadth which surprise and delight.

J. A. Myers will open a drug store, on Seventh street, in the room now occupied by Mr. Evans as a grocery store, Mr. Evans will remove to more spacious quarters.

Our sporting element have all returned to an unusually quiet condition, and to practice economy except Contractor P. T. Keech who must have been in the swim. Not over two bucks, and probably Mr. Ames is out a horse and buggy.

Children's day was observed in the M. E. Church on Sunday morning. The pulpit was beautifully decorated with flowers and an appropriate motto: "Life Without Knowledge is Death."

Miss Rose and Harry Tweddle are at home from school. Miss Rose graduated from the Fredonia State Normal and Training school, Master Harry has spent the past year at the Spring Arbor Seminary, in Michigan.

A number of the business men in Kane are pleased to learn that hereafter the Mt. Jewett and Smethport mails will be carried in the elitter to using his best energies to make the MINER a readable and newsy paper for the family and business man.

The effort to have an old-time celebration and a general trades, commercial and industrial parade on Independence Day is meeting with favorable work for the upbuilding of humanity in this section and was favored by all. The person who will be the nominee for the office of Burgess, the venerable mother of Pat Curran and Mrs. Abbie Maher of this place. Her old friends, of whom Mrs. Maher, of Coudersport, is one, will be pleased to learn that Mrs. Mahon on Saturday, the 27th ult., at the advanced age of 93 years, of paltry. She was confined to her bed for only a few months. Mrs. Mahon was born in the town of Castlerissen, county Kerry, Ireland, Sept. 20th, 1798, and came to Knox Bay, P. E. I., her husband, Daniel D. Curran, was killed by an accident in the Kane yard Nov. 26th, 1885, since which time the mother has resided with her daughter, Mrs. Maher. Deceased was a native of Ireland, Dennis H. Curran, a contractor in Baltimore, Md., Daniel H. Curran, general superintendent of the Pennsylvania and Western railroad at Columbus, Ohio, Mrs. Bridget Sheehan of Meadville, Pa., Mrs. Patrick and Abbie of Kane. Mrs. Mahon Curran was a kind mother and upright christian and one whose character was unblemished by the faults of old age. Many of the young people of Kane have received kind advice from her, she was an angel of mercy to the sick and afflicted, charitable to the poor and needy. The funeral took place on Monday forenoon from St. Laffitus Catholic Church, at which she was a devout member, and services were conducted by Rev Lees Winkler and attended by a large concourse of people who turned out to manifest their respect for her and express their grief over their loss. A good christian woman has gone to her eternal rest.

MT. JEWETT.

C. F. Hemmings, of Johnsonburg, visited our city last week.

Hearts don't break, but pocketbooks will, especially as a horse race.

Mrs. Theresa Foster is entertaining her sister, Miss Marshall, of Bradford.

Many of our enthusiastic horsemen attended the Smethport races last week.

W. F. Brewer, accompanied by his wife and daughter, Miss Hattie, went to Bradford last week.

The preceding week has been almost successful, but as requested, we expect to see it repeated.

The workmen employed on the new school house are making rapid progress. When finished Mt. Jewett can justly feel proud of its new school.

I would like to inform the quill driver for the *Era* that Fred Kreiser is not building a residence here, but Mr. Frank Kreiser, ganger for the D. L. & W.

We have some very ingenious young men in our town. One of them has invented a new means of catching trout. I don't just know exactly how the method, but it is some way by opening his pocket book.

Quite a sensation was created one week a strange young lady was seen on our streets and as she passed a gang of young roughs, mixing several remarks in a somewhat boisterous manner. She was asked if she knew what it meant, she replied that she was a deaf mute. Now, boys, if your sisters were to go to Kane or any other place, you would like a lot of such boobies as yes fanatic her in a manner? I was an eye witness and can hardly keep from using the names of the young men, and if it ever occurs again and I hear of it, I shall publish the names at every one of your sisters and parents know how you acted when out of their sight.

Chas. Sprague, a former resident of this place, but lately of Kane, was in town a few days the last mentioned town, last week, by about 6g and fatally wounding Jas Van Vleet. Both men had spent the day at the house of Van Vleet for the express purpose of getting up a fight and then shooting him down in cold blood, according to report, some rather vague, according to general opinion. It seems that Van Vleet came home at an unusual hour and found his wife in the company of comfort better imagined than described. Van Vleet made fran tic by the discovery, ordered the intruder out of the house, following the latter drew a revolver and fired two shots, one taking effect in the right side and the other in the left. Sprague then left the house. Last accounts say that Van Vleet cannot live.

Last week, accompanied by a few friends, your correspondent enjoyed the recreation of a day's trout fishing. In our travels from one stream to stream we came across (in a very unusual place) an old deserted and ruined log house and stable. Upon connecting an area of discovery with next letter suggested itself to me. But now as I approached the last building I espied a pair of eyes and I could fain lay down my pen and say no more; for I know I can not describe it and do it justice. The first thing that attracted my attention was an old piece of a stove which bore the inscription "Pittsburgh Iron Works." Upon the floor, (perhaps) somebody's home, and to my consternation I spied a verse from my "Dogood's" poems. I guess the story will.

Of the birds and the butterflies rove o'er it still.

In this lonely hovel not *rotten*; the rain has long since soaked through it into the room beneath, covering everything with moss and mildew. As a matter of course the spiders are in force, the whole lower parts of the room front, porch, etc., are covered with their webs. Then like a gigantic serpent has wound its folds in the old stove pipe, and now no portion is a distance of four or five inches above its head. The roof of the house was heavily covered with moss, and the foundation logs of the respective doors and window rest through it at the little grassy yard in front as to find it a matter of impossibility to get out. Rats, mice and snakes hollows. There are a few table spoils, standing awry or leaning on their fall, and as I looked around upon the home that had received God advice from many, she was an angel of mercy to the sick and afflicted, charitable to the poor and needy. The funeral took place on Monday forenoon from Mt. Laffitus Catholic Church, at which she was a devout member, and services were conducted by Rev Lees Winkler and attended by a large concourse of people who turned out to manifest their respect for her and express their grief over their loss. A good christian woman has gone to her eternal rest.

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KENDALL CREEK.

Col. Gardner, of Warren, was in town last week.

Mrs. Wm. Dobbie left for Jamestown, to visit friends and relatives.

Miss Pearl Gerrish left Tuesday for a visit to friends in Buffalo, N. Y.

Oliver T. Brown was called to Pittsburgh last week, on business.

Mrs. R. C. McIntosh is absent on a visit to friends at Ripdown, Pa.

Miss Bloom, of Mansfield, Ohio, is the guest of her uncle, Capt. Boyer.

Mrs. James Dunn has returned from a six weeks visit to relatives at Du Bois.

Mrs. T. T. Mapes has returned from a prolonged visit to Philadelphia, Harrisburg and other eastern cities.

The pastor, Rev. Dr. Park, of Buffalo, was in town this week attending Wm. Cary, who was injured in the Pine st. bridge accident, Decoration Day.

Miss Mary Brandon, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. B. Mealaney, for the past three weeks, has returned to her home at Allegheny City, Pa.

The Epworth League held a social and business meeting last Wednesday evening, at the M. E. Church. The meeting was largely attended by the members, and held fair to prosper.

The Corner Rose Company have about completed preparations for their dance, which will take place Friday evening, July 3d, at the Opera House. Good music has been engaged and the ladies will serve supper in the Mose House Dining room. Come all.

At a meeting of the board of school control held last week, the following school terms were established: Miss Mary Kelly, Grammar; Miss Nannie Howell, Intermediate; Miss Lucy Lorton, Primary; Miss Jessie Howell, Primary, Miss Minnie Cummins, Normal; Miss C. Miss Wilcox, Intermediate; Miss Anna Frances, North Kendall, Mr. Henry, Mud Run.

The death of the young daughter of F. W. Geiger, took place on Sunday night. The little child was taken with the measles and caught cold which proved fatal. The funeral was held Tuesday from St. Bernard's Church. Interment was made in St. Bernard's Cemetery. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of their host of friends.

Rev. C. L. Jenkins occupied the pulpit in the M. E. Church last Sunday evening. An interesting temperance meeting was presented and listened to by a large audience on the public square, by Rev. Jenkins, Mrs. Jenkins and Mrs. Emery, of Bradford. Monday evening, Rev. Jenkins, entertained a large audience on the public square, by a temperance lecture. The Methodist Conference completed his months work in McKean Co., to be reported Wednesday for Sandusky, Ohio.

PORT ALLEGANY.

S. W. Smith is in Buffalo this week.

F. P. Shaeff, of Olean, N. Y., spent Sunday in town.

Ed. Coleman is visiting friends in Friendship this week.

Mr. Reno Larrabee, of Coudersport, was in town Monday.

F. W. Knox, of Coudersport was in town Saturday last.

Miss Lottie Hendryx, of Olean, was visiting friends in town last week.

Mr. Palmer, of Wellsville, N. Y., was in town Saturday, visiting with C. B. Holden.

Mr. Charles Seldon has been employed as freight agent at the W. N. Y. & P. depot.

Mrs. G. W. Bertsch will build a dwelling house and store, on Mill street, this summer.

Miss Amy White, of Coudersport, is spending a few days in town, the guest of Mrs. M. J. Colonell.

George Catlin started for Owego, N. Y., Wednesday, where he will spend a few weeks with friends.

Charley Bard, who has been attending Devenax college, Niagara Falls, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Lorri Henderson, of Olean, is spending a few days in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. Kershaw.

James Murphy, who was committed to jail upon a charge of assault and battery, two weeks ago, was released saturday.

There was no preaching at the Presbyterian and Baptist churches Sunday, consequently a large audience gathered at the M. E. church.

Charles Smith, who was reported to be dying, from an injury caused by being thrown from an engine, while under the influence of opium stroke, is about town, apparently as well as ever.

An unknown man hired a horse and buggy of Liveryman Acres, last week, to drive to Keating Summit. The man has not been seen since, and probably Mr. Acres is out a horse and buggy.

Rev. John H Hector, a colored orator of merit, lectured to a full house at the M. E. church, Friday evening. Those thatattended were well pleased with the lecture, the subject of which was "Thrilling Recollections of the War."

Fred. W. B. stewart, principal of our high school, returned to his home in New York, Monday. Professor Stewart has made a host of friends while at the head of our schools, and we are sorry to have him leave us. We shall miss him in the society circles until the school. His services in the latter cannot be over estimated.

ELDRED.

Mrs. Stanetta and Johnie returned Monday from their visit to Buffalo.

Rev J. H. Hyde, pastor of the Baptist Church preached his farewell sermon last Sunday evening.

Mrs. and Mrs. Irvin Passmore are spending their summer vacation, conducting a summer sojourn in Clearfield county.

Mrs. Frank Harens, who has been dangerously ill with typhoid fever for several weeks, is at last considered out of danger.

Will Gillette and Art Burges are home from Ohio, they have been in the oil field over a year, and their friends welcome them every good time.

Mr. Ed Gardner and Jake Lemler are among the happy men this week, the former has a girl, the latter a boy. Truly this is the year for babies.

Commencement cards were received by many in town, from the Kelsbon Normal school, announcing Miss Eve Willmarth's name as in addition to the "school ma'am" roll.

The Kipwaris League of the Methodist Church, gave a pleasing entertainment and supper in the I. A. R. Hall this week; a novel feature was the jewelry shop. About twenty-six dollars was made.

Among the new enterprises in town is Chrisman's and Dobbins' new brick yard. The work is only just begun, but when complete, it will be quite extensive. The size of the yard is 200 by 300 feet.

Just after midnight Saturday, fire was discovered in Wainman's mill. It was under considerable headway to save the building, though a portion of the floors was on the spot in a short time. Most of the lumber was saved. There was no insurance.

CLERMONT.

Clermont is booming as usual.

Z. T. Boyers took a trip to Smethport last Friday.

L. Bayer went to Olean on business last week.

Frank Digel, of Farmer Valley, spent Sunday in town.

Ben Byers has sold all his household effects and left town.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cordick are visiting in Punxsutawney.

Mr. G. W. Bellamy and son Charlie, drove to Smethport last week.

J. P. Shippy and E. T. Burdick, took in Buffalo last Sunday.

A few of our young people drove to the Minnisa Bridge last Sunday.

Miss Maggie Gaynor is spending a few days with parents in this place.

Miss Mary Hendrickson, of Coryville is visiting friends in this place.

Several people from here, attended the camp meeting at Smethport, last Sunday.

Miss Lake, of Gowanda, N. Y., has been visiting Miss Lena Bartlett, the past week.

John Hendrickson, the veteran lumberman, of Colegrove, was in town last Monday.

Miss E. D. Bayer returned from Ann Arbor, Mich., last Friday, where she has been attending college.

The Four Mile boys and the Clermont nine played a game ball here last Sunday. Score 21 to 3 in favor of Clermont.

CHAMPLAIN.

Frank Myers, of Cleveland, Ohio, is a guest at F. N. Van Wormer.

Miss Grace Roberts and Master Earl returned Thursday from Corry.

Miss Rawlah Smith, of Olean, is the guest of Miss Edna Almy, for a few weeks.

Miss Colyard, of La Port, Ind., arrived here Thursday to meet her mother and visit friends.

B. B. Benson wears a broad smile, caused by the arrival of a bright boy baby at their house.

F. M. Van Wormer is passing a few days in Port Huron, Mich., those few days to include the Fourth.

Mrs. Irvin Stevens and children, of Coudersport, is visiting her parents here, Mr. and Mrs C. A. Warner.

Frank Raymond and children, of Wellsville, passed Sunday with friends in town, enroute for Coudersport and Gold.

A number of our young people will attend the district meeting of the U. E., held at Franklinville, June 30, and July 1.

The Kings Daughters No. 2, very hospitably entertained the Kings Daughters No. 1, Monday evening at their monthly reception held at Mrs. C. B. Cleveland's.

Little Orra Gleason gave a party to her many little friends Monday afternoon, the occasion being her fourth birthday, it was a very little affair and of tender age.

Mr. J. S. Brown, Miss H. King, Miss Cornelia Van Wormer, Miss Laura Booth, Mr. C. B. Cleveland and Rene White attended the Sunday School Convention, held at Olean last week.

COLEGROVE.

Russell Carter drove to the County seat on Tuesday.

Mrs. W. W. Wilcox has been very sick for a few days.

Miss Alda Carter visited Olean on Monday of this week.

Ed Felton put a new piazza into his mill at Crosby last week.

Mrs. Morris, of Olean, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. Creighton.

Mr. Al Sawyer, and family have returned to Virginia, where they formerly resided.

Mrs. Hiram Bartlingame of Harvey Creek has been visiting relatives in this locality.

Carl Sasse, of Smethport, has been doing some work this week on the house of H. Snow.

Mr. Miller, of Pittsburgh, is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jason Smith.

W. W. Trees, an employe in the U. P. L. Co., returned from his vacation on Saturday. Mr. H. Snow will rest to take a rest, and accompanied by his wife will visit Barnstable, Mass.

Several of our young people got left one day last week in a way they did not expect. They took a team and went to Mill farm after strawberries, and arrived there hitched their horse as they supposed securely. While they were looking for berries the horse got loose and wandered off to Hamlin, where he was caught and taken back for his load. Our young folks did not get home very early, and brought no strawberries.

Chicago of Climate

Kill more people than is generally known. Particularly is this the case in instances where the constitution is delicate and among our immigrant population seeking new homes in those portions of the West, and where malarial and typhoid fevers prevail at certain seasons of the year. The best preparative for a change of climate, or of diet and water which that change necessitates, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which not only fortifies the system against malaria, a variable temperature, damp, and the debilitating effects of tropical heat, yet is also the leading remedy for constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, bodily trouble, to especially apt to attack emigrants and visitors to regions near the equator, mariners, and tourists. Whether used as a safeguard by enwyagers, travelers by land, miners, or of agriculturists in newly populated districts, this fine specific has elicited the most favorable testimony.

A Commanding Position.

Wanted an agent in each town to sell the above named book. This is Mark Twain's latest. Nearly 50,000 copies already sold. 250 illustrations. Nearly 600 pages. A great many agents average forty orders per week. Almost anyone can sell twenty-five weekly. This is very profitable business. Write for terms. C. L. Webster & Co., 3 East 14th St. New York.

Sixteenth Annual Reunion.

The Eleventh Annual Reunion of the Graduates of the different Soldiers' Orphans' Schools will take place at Reading, Pa., August 18, 19, 20, 1891. These reunions are very enjoyable affairs, and are looked forward to with delight by Sixteeners' both male and female, all over the State. The different committees are hard at work and have mapped out a very enjoyable programme, having enlisted the services of the G. A. R. Posts, the Veteran Legion, Sons of Veterans' Camps, and some of the prominent citizens of the City of Reading. They expect to to make this reunion the grandest of them all. Full information can be had of Jacob A. Gramm, Box 547, Harrisburg, Pa., or of the Local Committee, Isaac W. Hull, Chairman, 217 Oley Street, Reading, Pa.

Either Direction and Any Time.

One Fare for the round trip on the Nickel Plate July 2d 3d and 4th. Fourth of July Excursions.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, coughs set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,

THE LEADING

-:-CLOTHIERS,-:-

SMETHPORT, PA.

CUSTOM CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Fine suitings, Overcoatings, Pantaloonings and Vestings. The finest line in this section of the country.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

A Full and Complete Line. Prices to correspond with the utmost satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

A FULL LINE OF BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

The latest novelties and finest stock of

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

As spring is now upon us, the busy housewife will be on the lookout for a change or improvement in her home. We would invite all such to step into the

FURNITURE AND CARPET STORE,

where you can find all kinds of House Furnishing Goods. Furniture Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Looking Glasses, Fine Pictures in Frames,

EASEL AND BRICK-A-BRACK

of all kinds. Our stock will now and of the latest styles and patterns.

We can also furnish competent men to hang wall paper.

Smethport Furniture and Carpet Co.

A. Kelly, Manager

"WANT A WAGON?"

We have wagons boxed and ready for service. High grade, all light, strong, durable stock, scientifically treated to weatherproof them against the effects of time and use. Built on honor by men of life manufacturing experience. Built on honor by men of life experience. Honesty in our policy, prompt shipment our specialty. We want to know you. Want to benefit you in nothing. Write for Business By and By. Send for our catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

"BUILT FOR BUSINESS."

FINE CANDIES

My present stock of fine candies surpasses any heretofore shown in this section and embraces all the finer as well as cheaper grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. Headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything to the Smokers' line.

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport

Elys Cream Balm for CATARRH

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 23 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

THE IMPROVED CENTER DRAFT MOWER

HAS ROCKING CUTTER BAR, CHAIN DRIVE.

CUTS SIX FEET.

Just Know as Light as a Foot Side Bar

To introduce these goods we will make Low Prices for Cash to Farmers where we have no agents. Send for descriptive Circular and prices to

WINCHESTER & PARTRIDGE MAN'F'G CO.,

WHITEWATER, Wis.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Fulton Sts., Smethport.

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION :: GUARANTEED

GOLD IN NEW JERSEY.

By J. H. CONNELLY.

[Copyrighted, 1891, by American Press Association.]

CHAPTER III.

"In the towns in this part of the country every citizen is introduced like these."

Frau Kropff quivered with excitement, joy and the triumph of a great speculative coup, for which she took all responsibility to herself. Her mind did not recall to her that she had a standard of money beyond about fifty dollars—an approximation in the ordinary value of a cow. She talked of thousands as she heard others talked, but comprehended them no more than metaphysicians grasp the conceptions of unbounded space and limitless time, about which they prate so glibly. Even the tangible pile of forty five dollar notes dazed her with a sense of vastness that seemed to include ample provision for Jacob's happy future. Farmer Kropff listened to her in grim silence until about dusk, when, feeling that she made him tired, he strolled out to the gate and stood there meditating.

Reuben Chase, a bright eyed, quick witted fifteen year old lad, son of a neighbor, came trudging along the lane, whistling merrily and swinging a small string of trout.

"You vas not having good luck mit the feushes today, Reuben," remarked the farmer, good naturedly accosting the boy.

"No! Well, maybe not, but is was the best day's fishing I ever did in my life, Mr Kropff," replied Reuben laughingly.

"How vas that?"

"Why, I got five dollars from a couple of city swells for the first string I caught, and one as many as I've got here!" showing the strings.

"Zo!"

"They were the chaps that stopped here to get some cream for their dinner and drove away afterward."

"Cream, greamin! They give you five dollars for them feushes out there give them feushes to me! That vas most exgraordenary! I spose they think I vas fool enough to believe that you can get more big mooses and moles and such things here than any other man west of the Missouri river. I'm a prospector from 'way back, I am, and don't you forget it. There are some of my own prodecting." And again he dazed the farmer with his hardful of gold.

"Your brodecting! How vas that?"

"My digging. Got the gold out for 'em myself. Staked the high muckamuck of the mint to have my own dust coined for me, the full hundred weights."

"Hundred weights of vat?"

"Gold dust, that I washed out myself."

"Potztausend!"

"Oh, I'm boss of the placer, I am. You ought to see me toy with a pan."

"Vat is that 'toy mit a pan'?"

The Goldberg contemptuously and patiently set forth, by simple phrase and ample illustration, the pantomime the art and mystery of placer mining, embellishing the dry details with a wealth of romance respecting his achievements. Herr Kropff, with open mouth and bulging eyes, listened in silence, the while thick layers of wonder piled up over his mind. Gradually a suspicion stole upon him that the mysterious proceedings of the New Yorkers must have been something akin to those now brought to his knowledge. He therefore repeated what Reuben had told him, and asked his guest's opinion upon it.

"There's no feelin'," answered Mr. Chipland, with an air of grave consideration, "in that offhand way. Gold, you see, is just as likely to be found in one place as in another, 'most anywhere's how. It has been found in every state of this Union, more or less. Wherever you find black sand, you are right sure to find gold."

"That greek bed is full of black sand."

"You don't say so! Well, then, there's probably gold. I'll have to take a look at it. You may have millions right under your hand!

"Donnerwetter! Vat! Do I got a option on it? Oh, well, that shall be all for ten thousand dollars."

"Look at the settlers it. Oh, well, that'll have to find the gold, of course."

"A fi' dousand dollars! Gott! Vat will Anna say now!"

Herr Kropff could hardly wait until the Goldberg had dared to hurry him off for an examination of the creek bed, the result of which was full confirmation of his fears. It was almost miraculous how fortune and instinct seemed to favor the experienced miner. Within ten minutes he had unearthed the spade and pan from where the New Yorkers had thrown him into a position rocks and brush. In as much more time his deft manipulation of a panful of sand reduced it to a spoonful of grains, among which sho several bright yellow specks. Too, he explained, were gold. "Dot is, he himself! Gold! Gold!" shouted Herr Kropff in a paroxysm of unmistakable excitement.

"Potztausend!" he roared. "Dot I vill not sell mit a farm! Nein! Nein! I vill make me mit my farm! I got a gold mine all mine own! Ach! Ich liebe Gott, how great I bin!"

"Don't be too sure you haven't if you're sold an option," suggested the old miner coolly. "It's a pity if you have. With one man to help me I could wash that placer right out of this creek in a month's time."

"I vill give him back his two hundred dollars."

"But suppose he holds you to the bargain with the difficulty with a sheriff, it would be simple enough. But here in the effete east, what's goin' to come when the lawyers get a grip on you?"

While talking he washed down a second pan of dirt and found it even richer than the first in auriferous grains.

"Ach! Ich bin ein ungluecklicher mensch! Mein here is broke!" wailed the old man, bursting into tears. "Vot Anna find better vas in my cool, cool grave!"

CHAPTER IV.

Perhaps they were not kissing.

An unhappy man during the ensuing week was Farmer Heinrich Kropff. When not in anxious private consultation with the Goldberg, who seemed to have become fixture on the place, he was smitten by melancholy or in such nervous plight that a trivial thing would throw him into a passion. Frau Kropff did not scruple to free her mind of the vehement conviction that "some guilty secret" was worrying him. As a pleasing suggestive stories to tell of a man in Schmorenberg, of whom she once heard, who went on in that way for just one month, and then hanged himself.

One day those shrewd betrayers, Messrs. Otto and Sharp, reappeared at the farm. Sight of them transformed Herr Kropff's grief to indignation.

"Schwindlers!" he cried. "I got a poor opinion of you. Vat tayfel you sent your shkinny faces my way schnell out more about my farm as I know mineselluff! Vas I not a fool when I give you bermission that you shall a moop about my place? Heh!"

They laughingly replied that it was too late to talk about that now; business was business, and there was no reason why they should not utilize a good thing they had discovered that he did not even know he had. He could not sell the farm to them, but they did not appear either surprised or disturbed, merely replying that the courts would settle that." Herr Kropff shuddered. Like most honest men he had a horror of courts. Finally, after a long consultation between the partners, Mr. Sharp said to him:

"We have a great regard for you, Mr. Kropff, and do not want to be hoggish in this matter, so we can probably agree upon a compromise that will be mutually satisfactory. We only want the merest one half of your farm, and will pay you for that the same amount that we had agreed to give you for the entire place. Furthermore, we will let you have in payment stock in the company we are organizing, and will put you in on the ground floor. In other words, you shall have two thousand shares at fifty per cent. of their par value, the price at which will be put upon the market the first twenty-five thousand shares."

"How many shares altogether will there be?"

"One hundred thousand. The dividends on your two thousand shares will bring you in from eight hundred to one thousand dollars a month at least, and if you choose to sell out within six months you will get probably twenty or twenty-five dollars per share."

To that arrangement, with little hesitation, the farmer agreed. Aside from the brilliant prospects opened up by Mr. Sharp's scheme, he had an idea that he thought was his own, though in reality it was a ray from the Goldberg's genius, and its magnificence easily reconciled him to the compromise proposed.

Frankly, Mr. Kropff," said Mr. Sharp as he re-entered his buggy with Mr. Otto to drive away, "I am very glad that an amicable understanding has been reached between us. The thing is so big that we can afford to be liberal and hardly any price would be too much to pay for the good will of so estimable and pleasant a neighbor as yourself. In four or five days I will bring you up your stock and we will make the transfer."

Mr. Chipland was present during that interview, but took no part in it and nobody seemed to notice him.

When the New Yorkers were gone Farmer Kropff went out to the barn alone, and using a piece of keil on the smooth face of a tool-room door, plunged into a sea of calculations. He would not be overcautious, he said to himself, and so would take as a basis the lowest, and not the highest, figures of income that Mr Sharp had named—eight hundred dollars per month or nine thousand six hundred dollars per annum. That he could easily loan on good security at six per cent. Allowing one year for accumulation of that sum, as a starter, in ten years more the lands and interest on the loans would have reached the sum of $192,000. But his magnificent idea would dwarf that. He, without any company to share the profits, would work the southern half of his farm as a gold mine, and of course it would pay him a revenue equal to all that the company would take from the southern half, or, in other words, fifty times as much as he would get from his two thousand shares. In eleven years, then, he would have from that source $9,600,000. The contemplation of those figures almost took his breath away. Again and again he went over them, each time exclaiming, "My gracious!" when he reached the grand total of the two sums—$9,817,600.

"I will be one of the richest men in the world!" he exclaimed.

Tearing himself away from the fascinating exhibit, he started for the porch, walking with a stately, formal tread, as he deemed becoming for a man of his means. Just as he was about to take his seat which already almost seemed his own, his eyes fell upon two figures down at the gate opening into the lane, the figures of Lieschen and George, face to face and both leaning on the gate. Perhaps they were not kissing; but if not they were at least close enough to bother to do so. Obeying his first impulse, the old man strode to them and roughly broke in upon their tender communings with the stern proclamation:

"Look here, now, I got enough of that. Don't let me have some more of this foolishness, Lieschen, go in the house!"

"Why, Mr. Kropff, what is the matter?" exclaimed George in blank astonishment.

"There is morning nor matter nor your schnoopin about here after Lieschen, young man," retorted the farmer severely. "I vas stop that right now."

"Oh, father!" cried the girl in an agony of apprehensive alarm, "what do you mean? You know that George and I are engaged, and you gave your consent, and I'm sure you can't have anything against him."

The old man was troubled, but the sense of what he as a capitalist owed to society weighed heavily upon him, and he steeled himself against the weakness of mere affection.

"Against George as George I got nothing, my dear," he replied, "but it is not proper that the daughter of a millionaire shall marry with a common farmer vunst because he is a nice feller. I vill make other arrangements for you, my dear. You shall marry some big man."

"But, father, George is big enough. I don't want to marry anybody but George."

"Excuse me, Mr. Kropff," the young man broke in, "but my farm is as good as yours, and when you come to provide for Jacob I don't think that Lieschen's a—"

"That vill do, young man. I do not care for discussions. I vill have your farm looked over, unt ven it suits me I vill buy it."

"The deuce you will!"

"Sure. I vill give you two hundred dollars for a option, unt then you got to sell it to me ven I vish it. That is enough now. Go into the house, Lieschen. Gowl night, Mr. Stirling."

The girl sobbing but obedient, went to seek sympathy from her mother, and George, after a vain attempt to make the misguided old man listen to reason, took his departure in a very rebellious and unenviable state of mind, more than half convinced that his prospective father-in-law had suddenly gone crazy. That hypothesis also suggested itself to the mind of Frau Kropff when she heard Lieschen's story, and not a little alarm mingled with her anger at this unexpected opposition to her pet scheme. Lieschen's marriage to George, as she had planned, would be a sufficient and pretty much everything would eventually go to "that bore poy Jacob." But what might happen if the old man should really go crazy she could not foresee. What business, she asked herself, had the old fool to go and lose his wits at a time like this? And how did he come to do so? Was it through his unwillingness to sell the farm? or his realization of that grand hotel and mineral springs scheme that her brighter intelligence had divined? Would he end by hanging himself, like that man in Schorenberg? Decidedly, she would have to give him a good talking to.

As "all roads lead to Rome," so all Frau Kropff's cogitations tended to that end. Heinrich, whatever else might fail him, could always be certain of "a good talking to."

But knowing and caring naught of what she was preparing for him he, finding Mr. Chipland on the porch, slapped his shoulder in hearty familiarity and announced:

"Tomorrow morning, Goldbug, ve vill go out see how the gold is in another creek on the south half of the farm, vat I shall keep. I bet you it vas more rich as the other one."

(Continued next week.)

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Carpets.

Just received, a fine assortment of carpets fresh from the looms, no old stock, and will be sold at lowest prices, at the Furniture and Carpet Store, Smethport, Pa.

PROFITS IN FARMING.

DEMAGOGIC "REFORMERS" MUST CHANGE THEIR TUNE.

Western Farmers Prospering—How Their Profits Compare with the Eastern Tradesman and Mechanic—Protection Helps Agriculture.

Western farmers are getting tired of playing the part of "horrible example" in the "reformer's" stump speeches. Youthful eastern demagogues, who never saw a western farm, are dashing off awful descriptions of the miseries inflicted by the tariff upon the west, while the farmers themselves are producing facts and figures to show that they can get along very well without any of the "reformer's" sympathy. Anything can be overdone, and western farming has been no exception. The Des Moines News says:

"The price of Iowa lands is advancing. The long stagnation of sales and depreciation of values has given place to an active demand for lands and substantial advance in values. Lands about Northwalk, in Warren county, are now selling from fifty to sixty dollars per acre. Some Ohio parties have recently refused $22.50 per acre for a well eighty in Buchanan county. Sixteen dollars per acre have recently been refused for wild lands in Dallas county. Substantial advances are also reported from southwestern Iowa. The advance will average five dollars per acre for the state. There is no county in the state where the stagnant and depreciated land market is not taking on an active tone with better prices."

Mr. J. F. Moats, a practical farmer of Montgomery county, Kan., shows that farming in that state is as profitable as any other business in the country. He gives a detailed statement of the cost of raising forty acres of corn, calculates the amount realized, and shows that the farmer's profit on the capital invested is no less than 23 per cent. Here are his figures: Rent, $100; plowing, $40; harrowing, $10; seed, $5; planting, $10; cultivating, $15; husking, $60; shelling, $12.40; marketing, $10; total cost of producing, $300.40. Yield, 40 bushels to the acre; price 22 cents per bushel—$352. To this is added 50 cents per acre for the stock pasture, which brings the receipts up to $372, and leaves him a net profit of $69.60.

But these figures do not include nearly all the income of an average farmer. Off this forty acres there are sold in the meantime butter and eggs to the value of perhaps $100, besides poultry and probably orchard and garden products to a considerable amount.

When the income and expense of the eastern mechanic or tradesman, with the same amount of capital, are compared with these figures, the hollowness of the "reformer's" croakings becomes even more apparent. Practically all the farmer's income is net profit. The mechanic's or tradesman's profits do not appear till the year's house rent and a hundred other family expenses for comforts enjoyed by the farmer without expense are deducted from his income. When the farmer wants to attend a funeral, for instance, he hitches his own horses on to his own carriage and goes. The other pays ten dollars for a carriage. Potatoes, meat, green vegetables, fruit, eggs, butter, bread and numberless articles of food must be purchased at a good round price by the dweller in the city, and the purchase money deducted from his income, before a proper basis is reached for comparison between his and the farmer's profits. These facts are always carefully concealed by the "reformer." "For the past twenty years," writes Mr. Moats, "I have carefully kept an account of my business and of all its details. I began with very little, and whatever I have accumulated is the result of Iowa farming. I have kept my ledger and cash book, and each year has shown a goodly increase, either in the value of my plant or my cash account."

It is safe to assert that no "protected robber" in the whole country can say as much of his business. The progress and increase of wealth in the western states belie the assertion that tariff legislation has been prejudicial to western agriculture and in favor of the manufacturing states.

Why I Am a Protectionist.

First—Because as a result in a large degree of our protective tariff system the United States has become one of the foremost nations of the world.

Second—Because by the policy of fostering American industries the development of our manufacturing interests has been secured; the inventive genius of our people has found a field; American labor has become the best paid, and consequently our laborers the best housed, clothed and fed; and the wonderful development and progress in this country in all that makes a people great, have elicited the admiration of the civilized world.

In view of these facts, which are well known, I believe in such a protective tariff as will secure reasonable Protection to American labor and industry.—Hon. S. M. Cullom in American Economist.

Figures That Do Not Lie.

The following table shows the customs receipts of the United Kingdom for the year ending March 31, 1890:

Tea	$22,625,230
Coffee	484,120
Spirits, foreign	21,601,125
Wine	6,319,800
Tobacco and snuff	45,303,520
Currants, raisins and dried fruits	6,671,155
Other articles	104,795
Miscellaneous receipts	144,240
Total	$102,277,815

The United States, the greatest producing country in the world, ought not to depend upon foreign ships to carry its surplus products to foreign markets, and it cannot be so dependent without being a tributary instead of a leader among nations.

No American who is proud of his country can suppress feelings of humiliation when he visits the London and Liverpool docks and looks in vain for the stars and stripes. Is it not a shame that such a condition exists?

Across the Deep, to the Far West.

On steamboats, cars and stage-coaches, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is carried as the most important article in the materia medica of the traveling public. It depurates vitiated, brackish water its hurtful properties and execrable flavor, counteracts the pernicious effects upon the stomach of bad or indigestible food, remedies cramps, heartburn and wind upon the stomach, is a fine defense against malarial disorders, nullifies the effects of excessive heat, cold and damp, relieves sickheadache, and is uncompensable cure for costiveness and biliousness. The fatigue of travel often tells most disastrously upon invalids and convalescents, occasionally to such an extent as to jeopardize life. Persons in feeble health, apprehensive of bad effects from the change, will, if provided with the Bitters, find less likely to have their fears realized.

The Much-Traveled Irishman.

'Tis twelve months since I came to America
The fortune of me name for to find;
Bliss be his name! there he left me the whole av it
And in his will he said, "Now Pat, me boy,
Yez ought to spend a year in Granville,
The great sights av this country for to see,
And sure no uncle didn't need to urge me much
For thravelin is a trick that just suits me.

So, I've traveled over all this mighty nation
From north to south and from east to west,
I've traveled both on land and on the water,
But where the railroad thravelin suits me best.
And of all the fine railroads in America,
And morelt where he traveled on them all,
This one that heads the list for solid comfort,
Is the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

Both for cities and for thravelin and for sleepin,
Their equipment is most exciting and complete.
There's no finer route for old King Solomon,
And if Solomon for his thousand wives to see,
Of all thravelers all up and down America,
The Milwaukee and St. Paul patronized them all,
For there's nothing can compare in solid comfort
Wid the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

—The Living Church, Chicago.

SUBSCRIBE for the MIRROR.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 186 Fulton Street, N. Y.

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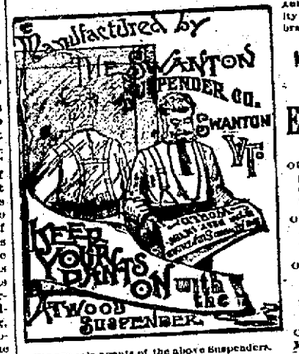
SMETHPORT, PA.



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Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPECUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats, soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES. Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT PA.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF

BE UP TO THE MARK

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split!

Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER

FOR INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use. GENERATION AFTER GENERATION SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It. Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel. Every Sufferer from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Influenza, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Lumbago, Pain in Back or Loins, Pleurisy, Frosted Feet or Ears, and all Pains and Aches, this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure will be found to Cure. Sold everywhere. Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00. Largest size most economical. Manufactured only by I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

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OF EVERY TYLES AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

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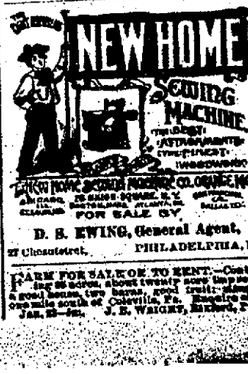
Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are saving our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 12, 1884



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27 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Containing 85 acres, about twenty acres improved. A good house, two barns, wood-house and one mile south of Coleville, Pa. Enquire of JAS. H.—tf. J. S. WRIGHT, Richburg, Pa.

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Successor to C. L. Douglass,

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Dealer in

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

American Steamship Line,

JNO. W. BAUER, Agent,

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Tickets sold to and from all points in Europe at reasonable rates.

The "American Line" is the only Trans-Atlantic line sailing under the American flag. Accommodations first-class. Sailings on Wednesday of each week.

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Drugs and Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 3, 1891.

Trains leave Smethport for Lordville, Bradford, Olean, Buffalo, Rochester and Suspension Bridge as follows:

BUFFALO Accom'tion, daily, 7 am A. M.
BUFFALO EXPRESS, ... 12 15 P. M.
BUFFALO MAIL, ... 7 30 P. M.

Trains leaving Smethport at 7.30 P. M. connect at Kinzua Junction with Mail Train for Bradford, Olean, Buffalo, Rochester and Suspension Bridge.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL, ... 7.00 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N, ... 1.00 P. M.
LOCAL, ... 7.00 P. M.
BUFFALO ACCOM'N &c, daily and A. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. WORDEN, Ticket Agent, Smethport, Pa.
R. H. DOLLEY, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.,
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r, & Tk't. Agt.
Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct Route between the Bradford and Kinzua county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 24, 1891.

WESTWARD.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD
P.M. A.M.		A.M. P.M.
5 50 11 30	ar. Bradford, lv.	6 40 3 15
5 45 11 25	Kenzua Jn.	6 45 3 45
5 35 11 15	New City	6 55 4 05
5 25 11 05	Duke Centre	7 05 4 15
5 20 10 50	Rew	7 10 4 20
5 10 10 45	Mt. Jewett	7 20 4 30
5 15 9 30	Corea	7 25 4 35
5 25 9 15	Little Valley	7 35 4 45
5 27 9 12	Salliver, Ar.	7 37 4 47
5 31 9 08	Ainsworth	7 41 4 51
5 37 9 00	Ar Wolfville, ar	7 47 4 57
5 45 8 50		7 55 5 05
P.M. A.M.		A.M. P.M.
P.M. P.M. A.M.		A.M. P.M. P.M.
4 25 2 00 5 15	ar. Bradford, lv.	7 30 5 00 5 50
4 20 1 55 5 10	Kinzua Junct'n	7 35 5 05 5 55
4 15 1 50 5 05	Aiken	7 40 5 10 6 00
4 05 1 35 4 50	Davis	7 50 5 20 6 10
4 00 1 30 4 45	Simpson	7 55 5 25 6 15
3 55 1 25 4 40	Crosby	8 00 5 30 6 20
3 50 1 20 4 35	Sanford	8 05 5 35 6 25
3 45 1 15 4 30	Mt. Jewett	8 10 5 40 6 30
3 40 1 10 4 25	Corliss	8 15 5 45 6 35
P.M. A.M. P.M.		A.M. P.M. P.M.
Read this side down.		Read this side up.

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway.

THE SHORT LINE

Between Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Kinzua, Du Bois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania.

On and after June 7th, 1891, passenger trains will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

6.10 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express. For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Medina, Gainesville, River springs, Warsaw, Le Roy and Rochester.

2.50 p. m.—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springerville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Ellicottville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, Le Roy, and Rochester.

5.15 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Sundays only. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH BOUND.

1.04 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney. Commutation Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile. For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDBERG, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Bradford, Pa.
J. P. THOMPSON, Gen'l Superintendent, Bradford, Pa.
G. W. BARTLETT, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Rochester, N. Y.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Corrected Time Table, taking effect Monday, Dec. 1, 1890.

AR. EAST'WD.	STATIONS.	LV. WEST'WD.
A.M. PM	P.M.	A.M. P.M. P.M.
11.50 6.15	1.12 ... Coudersport ...	8.30 1.30 5.20
11.34 6.14	1.16 ... Pine Creek Jct. ...	8.33 1.33 5.23
11.24 6.12	1.20 ... Ramsdell ...	8.36 1.36 5.26
11.00 6.12	1.26 ... Wash Hollow ...	8.42 1.42 5.32
10.56 6.09	1.29 ... Olmsted, ...	8.45 1.45 5.35
10.50 6.05	1.34 ... Millers ...	8.50 1.50 5.40
10.43 5.52	1.44 ... Knowlton ...	8.58 1.57 5.45
10.34 5.43	1.47 ... Rosalette ...	9.07 2.03 5.51
10.15 5.40	1.53 ... Pomeroy Bridge ...	9.10 2.06 6.04
10.02 5.27	1.57 ... Port Allegany ...	9.14 2.10 6.08
10.14 5.20	2.02 ... Bartville ...	9.20 2.16 6.15
10.05 7.52	2.12 ... Coleman ...	9.05 2.25 6.13
10.00 7.36	2.17 ... Port Allegany ...	9.10 2.30 6.21

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

The following is time corrected to June 1st, 1891. Trains depart from and arrive at Union Railway Station, Van Buren st., Chicago, and N. Y., L. E. & W., Railway station, Buffalo.

Going West.		Trains Daily Except Sunday.		Going East.	
Loc.	No. 1	No. 3		No. 2	No. 4 Loc
A.M.	A.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.
.....	12 00	.....	Buffalo ...	4 00	.....
5 25	12 45	.....	Angola ...	4 40	5 40
5 50	1 10	.....	Silver Creek ...	4 55	5 55
6 45	1 57	.....	Dunkirk ...	5 40	6 43
10 10	1 02	.....	Brocton ...	5 00	7 12
10 33	2 27	.....	Westfield ...	5 22	7 34
11 05	3 00	.....	North East ...	5 54	11 22
11 09	3 05	.....	Erie ...	12 15	8 48
3 37	3 37	.....	Girard ...	12 45	9 16
4 00	4 00	.....	Conneaut ...	12 55	9 40
.....	4 37	.....	Ashtabula ...	12 15	.....
.....	5 40	6 30	Cleveland ...	10 10	7 20
.....	6 40	6 30	Fostoria ...	8 50	5 30
.....	10 10	10 00	Chicago ...	10 30	7 35
.....	7 00	8 10	.....	6 00	4 00
P.M.	A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	A.M.
Read this side down.				Read this side up.	

Through tickets are on sale in all principal offices of the company, at lowest rates, for any class of tickets desired. Baggage checked to destination.

H. F. HOPKINS, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Cleveland, Ohio.
LEWIS WILLIAMS, Gen'l Superintendent, Cleveland, Ohio.
Geo. A. Backus, Agent, Smethport, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE, in effect May 17, 1891.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

6.45 a. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 5.50 p. m., New York 9.35 p. m. Baltimore 7.40 p. m., Washington 8.30 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia. Passengers can remain in sleeper from Williamsport and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

9.15 a. m.—Train 17, daily except Sunday, for Kinzua, Bradford and intermediate stations.

10.30 a. m.—Train 3